



Meeting: Trust Board Meeting in Public

Date: 25 September 2024

Agenda item Integrated Performance Report (IPR)						
Board Lead	Raghuv Bhasin, Chief Operating Officer					
Author	Wendy Joyce, Director of Performance & Planning					
Appendices	IPR August 2024					
Purpose	Assurance					
Previously considered	EMC 17.09.2024					

Executive summary

The Integrated Performance and Quality Report provides a monthly update on Trust performance based on the latest information available. The document also includes reporting on actions being taken to address performance issues.

Page 3 of the report provides an executive summary for the month with information on the use of Statistical Process Control (SPC) charts on pages 4-6.

EMC considered this report on 17 September and noted the positive progress on a wide range of measures. It also discussed the productivity improvements that have been made and how we best articulate the drivers to our teams.

A verbal update of the discussion held at the Finance & Business Performance Committee on 19 September 2024 will be provided to Board.

Decision	The committee is requested to take assurance from the report					
Relevant strategic p	riority					
Outstanding Care ⊠	Healthy Co	mmun	ities ⊠	Great Place to	o Work ⊠	Net Zero □
Relevant objective						
Improve elective waiting times			deprived est start ir	n living in communities n life lood pressure	☑ Zero to bullying	lerance to
Implications / Impac	t					
Patient Safety		the full s Trust. To discusse	grated Perform suite of perform he quality and s ed in detail at th ance Committed	ance meas safety mea ne Quality &	sures for the sures are & Clinical	
Risk: link to Board A Framework (BAF) ar Corporate Risk Regi		Principal Risk 1: Failure to provide care that consistently meets or exceeds performance and quality standards				
Financial	The productivity metrics in the IPR are key to the financial sustainability of the Trust					

Compliance	Public and Board accountability
Partnership: consultation / communication	The IPR reflects programmes run in partnership with ICB and Place partners
Equality	The IPR contains a focus, through our Healthy Communities metrics, on reducing health inequalities
Quality Impact Assessment [QIA] completion required?	Not required



Integrated Performance & Quality Report

August 2024

CQC rating (July 2022) - GOOD



Introduction & Contents



The Buckinghamshire Healthcare Trust Integrated Performance and Quality Report is aimed at providing a monthly update on the performance of the Trust based on the latest performance information available and reporting on actions being taken to address any performance issues with progress to date.

Outstanding Care

Provide outstanding cost effective care

Operational Standards

Access and performance

Waiting Lists

ED Performance

Ambulance Handovers

Urgent 2 hour response

Cancer

Diagnostics

Activity

Productivity

Length of stay

Theatres

Outpatients

Quality and Safety

Incidents

Infection Control

Patient Safety

Patient Experience

Maternity

Healthy Communities

Taking a lead role in our community

Health and Development Reviews Very Brief Advice training for smoking

cessation

Smoking in pregnancy

A Great Place to Work

Ensuring our people are listened to, safe and supported

Vacancy rates

Turnover

Sickness

Training

Report changes this month

Metrics that have been added to or removed from the report since last month

Added

Median waiting times for acute and community waiting lists split by adults and paeds and by Opportunity Bucks and Non Opportunity Bucks patients.

Removed

Changed

Revised trajectory for ED 12 hour waits Revised trajectory for diagnostic breaches

Executive Summary



August's IPR shows continued progress against the Trust's breakthrough and operating plan objectives with the expected seasonality in demand and capacity impacting services. Urgent Care metrics show improvement across the Board with a change to the Emergency Department middle grade rota coupled with reduced demand seeing improvements in performance and reductions in the number of patients waiting over 12 hours to below trajectory. The test will be in maintaining this improvement through September which traditionally sees a dip in performance as demand significantly increases.

Our planned care metrics show continued progress with reductions in the waiting list, waiting times, numbers waiting over 65 weeks and improvements in RTT performance. Diagnostic performance improvement has stalled slightly as the size of the overall waiting list reduces and therefore those areas where more specialist provision is needed and there is a shortage - e.g. MRI for pacemaker patients and Cardiac CT scans - have a greater impact on performance. This is being addressed through new equipment installation in the autumn. Cancer metrics all improved in July although we are expecting a reduction in performance in August and September due to capacity constraints in skin - our largest tumour site - as referrals far outstrip demand - recovery plans are in place.

Our quality metrics remain steady and we continue to be on trajectory for the delivery of the clinical accreditation breakthrough objective. The volume of activity associated with PSIRF is increasing as it becomes embedded in the Trust with one incident recommended for a Patient Safety Incident Investigation. The rest of the quality metrics are showing common cause variation.

Our healthy communities metrics show delivery of the breakthrough objectives around attendance rates for Health and Development Review. We should be able to report on the Outpatient blood pressure monitoring metric in next month's IPR. We have also included in this section our waiting times comparing the Opportunity Bucks wards, where the majority of the most deprived patients in our community live, against the rest of the county. This shows that we are generally comparable between the two area and this is important to track over the coming months and years.

Our great place to work metrics remain relatively stable with a slight increase in turnover explainable in terms of individual circumstances of leavers.

Our productivity metrics show significant improvements in productivity through to the end of June with the Trust moving into the top quartile nationally in terms of productivity compared to 19/20. This has been driven by continuing high levels of activity and reductions in length of stay as we constrain workforce growth.

SPC Charts



Metrics are represented by Statistical Process Control (SPC) charts, with target and latest month's performance highlighted.

These SPC charts are based on three years' worth of data to show the post Covid period (where back data is available).

SPC charts are used to monitor whether there is any real change in the reported results.

The two limit lines (grey dotted lines) around the central average (grey solid line) show the range of expected variation in reported results based on what has been observed before. New results that fall within that range should not be taken as representing anything different from the norm. i.e. nothing has changed.

However, there are certain patterns of new results which it is unlikely will have occurred randomly if nothing has changed on the ground. For example a run of several points on one side of the average or a significant change in the level of variability between one point and the next.

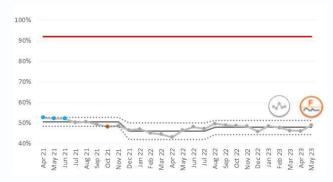
In these charts, where it looks like there has been some kind of change in the variability or average result in the reported data, the limits and the central line have been adjusted to indicate when it appears - statistically - that the change happened. This should be a prompt for users of the chart to look for factors which may have effected the change in the reported data. These may have been changes in the way things were done or external factors e.g. bad weather causing more accidents and therefore an increase in demand/change in case mix.

Likewise, if there is no change in overall average result or variability this suggests that actions taken to improve performance have not had the desired effect.

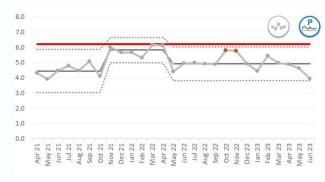
Either way, users of the charts should take care not to directly attribute causal factors to changes in the charts without further investigation.

Target lines are also plotted on the charts. This allows users of the charts to see whether targets can be expected to be achieved consistently, whether achievement in the current month is due to common cause or special cause variation or whether the target cannot be achieved unless there is a change in the process.

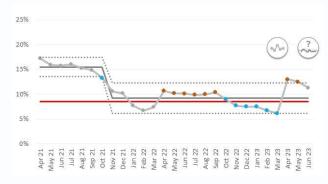
Target line is above the upper limit for this indicator (higher is better) showing that it will not be achieved consistently without a change to the process.



Target line is above the upper limit for this indicator (lower is better) showing that it will be achieved consistently without a change to the process.



Target line is between the control limits for this indicator (lower is better) showing that the process will hit or miss the target without a change.



Key to variation and assurance icons



		Variation/Performance Icons	
Icon	Technical Description	What does this mean?	What should we do?
0,00	Common cause variation, NO SIGNIFICANT CHANGE.	This system or process is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect from the process or system itself.	Consider if the level/range of variation is acceptable. If the process limits are far apart you may want to change something to reduce the variation in performance.
(H.S.)	Special cause variation of an CONCERNING nature where the measure is significantly HIGHER.	Something's going on! Your aim is to have low numbers but you have some high numbers – something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of high numbers.	Investigate to find out what is happening/happened.
(T)	Special cause variation of an CONCERNING nature where the measure is significantly LOWER.	Something's going on! Your aim is to have high numbers but you have some low numbers - something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of low numbers.	Is it a one off event that you can explain? Or do you need to change something?
H.~	Special cause variation of an IMPROVING nature where the measure is significantly HIGHER.	Something good is happening! Your aim is high numbers and you have some - either something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of low numbers. Well done!	Find out what is happening/happened.
(T)	Special cause variation of an IMPROVING nature where the measure is significantly LOWER.	Something good is happening! Your aim is low numbers and you have some - either something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of low numbers. Well done!	Celebrate the improvement or success. Is there learning that can be shared to other areas?
②	Special cause variation of an increasing nature where UP is not necessarily improving nor concerning.	Something's going on! This system or process is currently showing an unexpected level of variation — something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of high numbers.	Investigate to find out what is happening/happened. Is it a one off event that you can explain?
(1)	Special cause variation of an increasing nature where DOWN is not necessarily improving nor concerning.	Something's going on! This system or process is currently showing an unexpected level of variation — something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of low numbers.	Do you need to change something? Or can you celebrate a success or improvement?

		Assurance Icons					
Icon	Technical Description	What should we do?					
?	This process will not consistently HIT OR MISS the target as the target lies between the process limits.	The process limits on SPC charts indicate the normal range of numbers you can expect of your system or process. If a target lies within those limits then we know that the target may or may not be achieved. The closer the target line lies to the mean line the more likely it is that the target will be achieved or missed at random.	Consider whether this is acceptable and if not, you will need to change something in the system or process.				
E	This process is not capable and will consistently FAIL to meet the target.	The process limits on SPC charts indicate the normal range of numbers you can expect of your system or process. If a target lies outside of those limits in the wrong direction then you know that the target cannot be achieved.	You need to change something in the system or process if you want to meet the target. The natural variation in the data is telling you that you will not meet the target unless something changes.				
	This process is capable and will consistently PASS the target if nothing changes.	The process limits on SPC charts indicate the normal range of numbers you can expect of your system or process. If a target lies outside of those limits in the right direction then you know that the target can consistently be achieved.	Celebrate the achievement. Understand whether this is by design (!) and consider whether the target is still appropriate; should be stretched, or whether resource can be directed elsewhere without risking the ongoing achievement of this target.				



			Assuranc	se e	
			?	F	0
(H.~	Excellent Celebrate and Learn This metric is improving. Your aim is high numbers and you have some. You are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance is above the target.	This metric is improving. Your aim is high numbers and you have some.	Concerning Celebrate but Take Action This metric is improving. Your aim is high numbers and you have some. HOWEVER your target lies above the current process limits so we know that the target will not be achieved without change.	Excellent Celebrate This metric is improving. Your aim is high numbers and you have some. There is currently no target set for this metric.
(Celebrate and Learn This metric is improving. Your aim is low numbers and you have some. You are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance is below the target.	This metric is improving. Your aim is low numbers and you have some.	Concerning Celebrate but Take Action This metric is improving. Your aim is low numbers and you have some. HOWEVER your target lies below the current process limits so we know that the target will not be achieved without change.	This metric is improving. Your aim is low numbers and you have some.
	√N•)	Good Celebrate and Understand This metric is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect to see. HOWEVER you are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance exceeds the target.	Average Investigate and Understand This metric is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect to see. Your target lies within the process limits so we know that the target may or may not be achieved.	Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect to see. HOWEVER your target lies outside the current process limits and the target will not be achieved without change.	Average Understand This metric is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect to see. There is currently no target set for this metric.
Variation/Performance	H~)	Concerning Investigate and Understand This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is lownumbers and you have some high numbers. HOWEVER you are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance is below	Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is low numbers and you have some high numbers. Your target lies within the process limits so we know that the target may or may not be missed.	Very Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is deteriorating Your aim is low numbers and you have some high numbers. Your target lies below the current process limits so we know that the target will not be achieved without change	Concerning Investigate This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is low numbers and you have some high numbers. There is currently no target set for this metric.
Variatio		Concerning Investigate and Understand This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is high numbers and you have some low numbers. HOWEVER you are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance is above the target.	Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is high numbers and you have some low numbers. Your target lies within the process limits so we know that the target may or may not be missed.	Very Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is high numbers and you have some low numbers. Your target lies above the current process limits so we know that the target will not be achieved without change.	Concerning Investigate This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is high numbers and you have some low numbers. There is currently no target set for this metric.
(3				Unsure Investigate and Understand This metric is showing a statistically significant variation. There has been a one off event above the upper process limits; a continued upward trend or shiftabove the mean. There is no target set for this metric.
(S				Unsure Investigate and Understand This metric is showing a statistically significant variation. There has been a one off event below the lower process limits; a continued downward trend or shift below the mean. There is no target set for this metric.
())				Unknown Watch and Learn There is insufficient data to create a SPC chart. At the moment we cannot determine either special or common cause. There is currently no target set for this metric

Overall Performance Summary



		Assuran	ce	
		?	&	0
Ha		Ambulance handovers within 30 mins CWT - FDS general standard	ED 4 hour performance Acute open pathway RTT performance NHSE productivity	Discharges by 2pm Bed days lost for patients without Criteria to Reside
nce		Nursing and midwifery vacancy rate	12 hour waits in ED Acute open pathway 65 week breaches Diagnostic compliance	Acute open pathway 52 week breaches Median acute waiting time adults & paeds Community waiting list 65 week breaches Community waiting list 52 week breaches Median community waiting time adults & paeds Temp staffing levels spend
Variation/Performance	Urgent 2 hour response Trust overall vacancy rate Statutory & Mandatory training HSMR	Hospital at home utilisation Theatre utilisation CWT - 62 day general standard Incidents that are low/no harm Falls per 1,000 bed days Clostridioides difficile Complaints response rate Perinatal mortality Term admissions to neonatal unit Pre term birth rate Maternity smoking at time of booking Maternity smoking at delivery Attendance rates for Health and Development Review Level of achievement for Health and Development Review Sickness	CWT - 31 day general standard Theatre cases per 4 hours planned time Outpatient DNA rate	Conversion rate to admission Urgent community response referrals Patients without Criteria to Reside New OP activity Average LOS community hospitals 14 day LOS - acute & community 14 day LOS - acute Community contacts - District Nursing Community contacts - Community Therapies Incidents reported Pressure ulcers per 1,000 bed days Complaints received
(H~)	Turnover rate			
1		Daycase rate		

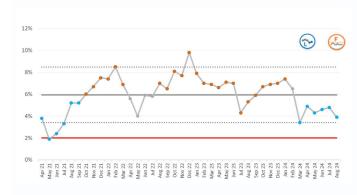
		Assuran	ce	
	P	?	E	
②				Acute waiting list size Cancer referrals Elective a citivity WTEs in the trust Substantive staffing
(Community waiting list size Temporary staffing
0				Acute open pathway 65 week risks Elective activity against plan New OP activity against plan Substantive staffing against plan Temporary staffing against plan Staff completing VBA training for smoking cessation

Breakthrough objectives



12 hour waits in ED

Percentage of patients spending more than 12 hours in Stoke ED from arrival to departure (over all types departures in the month).



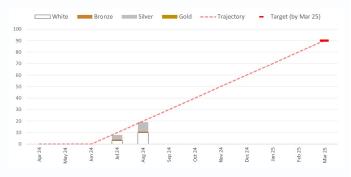
NHS Productivity measure

Comparison between the cost base and weighted activity provided in our acute settings in 23/24, against equivalent periods in 19/20.



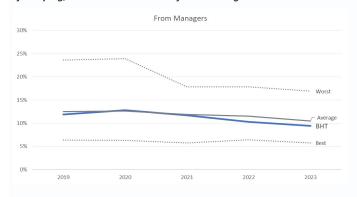
Clinical accreditation

The cumulative total number of accreditations awarded in month. Reset for 2024-25 year.



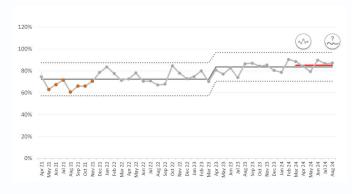
Behaviour

Percentage of staff saying they experienced at least one incident of bullying, harassment or abuse from managers.



School readiness

Percentage of children in opportunity Bucks wards that attend 12-month health and development review by the time they're 15 months.



BP checks

The percentage of face to face, acute, adult outpatients having their blood pressure taken.

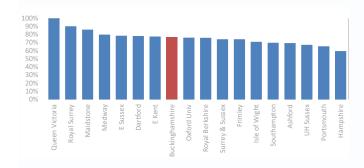
Chart for BP checks

Benchmarking Summary for South-East Region



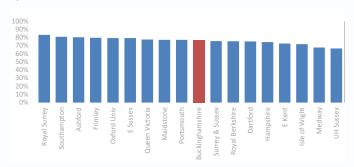
ED 4 hour performance

South East A&E 4 hour performance benchmarking - Aug-24



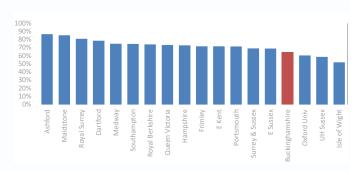
Faster diagnosis standard cancer

South East region faster diagnosis standard cancer benchmarking - Jul-24



62 day wait cancer

South East region 62 day wait cancer benchmarking - Jul-24



ED 4 hour performance ranking

South East A&E 4 hour performance benchmarking - historic rankings out of 16



Faster diagnosis standard cancer

South East region faster diagnosis standard cancer benchmarking - historic rankings out of 18



62 day wait cancer ranking

South East region 62 day wait cancer benchmarking - historic rankings out of 18



Frimley Health & Portsmouth Hospitals do not report 4 Hour performance as they are part of the Clinical Services Review.

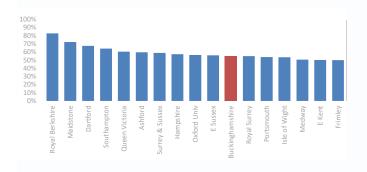
Source: NHS England - https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/

Benchmarking Summary for South-East Region



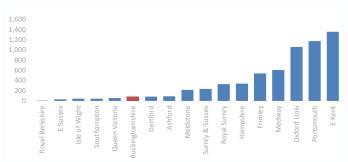
RTT performance

South East RTT performance benchmarking - Jul-24



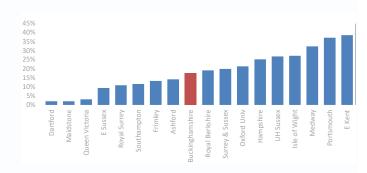
65 week waits

South East over 65 week waits benchmarking - Jul-24



Diagnostic performance

South East diagnostic performance benchmarking - Jul-24



RTT performance ranking

South East RTT performance benchmarking - historic rankings currently out of 18



65 week waits ranking

South East over 65 week waits benchmarking - historic rankings currently out of 18



Diagnostic performance ranking

South East diagnostic performance benchmarking - historic rankings out of 18



Source: NHS England - https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/

Access & Performance



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objective								
12 hour waits in ED	Aug 24	3.9%	2.0%	(T-)	(5.9%	3.4%	8.5%
Driver metrics								
Conversion rate to admission	Aug 24	10.9%	-	0,00		10.9%	8.8%	12.9%
ED 4 hour performance	Aug 24	76.5%	78.0%	(H.)	(F)	72.3%	66.7%	77.9%
Discharges by 2pm	Aug 24	26.9%	-	H.~		25.5%	21.5%	29.4%
Urgent & emergency care								
Ambulance handovers within 30 mins	Aug 24	94.4%	95.0%	H.~	?	85.5%	75.9%	95.1%
Urgent 2 hour response - community	Aug 24	92.0%	70.0%	∞ Λ•)		91.8%	86.0%	97.6%
Urgent community response referrals	Aug 24	323	-	٠,٨٠	**C09031*	376	276	476
Patients without Criteria to Reside	Aug 24	88	-	√		76	48	103
Bed days lost for patients without Criteria to Reside	Aug 24	2183	-	(H.)		2479	2091	2867
Hospital at home utilisation	29 Aug 24	84.7%	80.0%	(0/\)0)	?	83.0%	64.2%	101.9%



12 hour waits in ED

Definition: Percentage of patients spending more than 12 hours in Stoke Emergency Department (ED) from arrival to departure (over all types departures in the month).

How we are performing

August saw improvement in this metric driven by better flow in the organisation related to reduced demand and continued improvements against our emergency care improvement plan.

There has been a delay to the opening of our new ward and associated reconfiguration of our emergency floor from August to November due to unforeseen estate challenges. The improvement trajectory has been changed to reflect this.

Drivers of performance

Lack of bed capacity on the Stoke site

Long ED waiting times through the night mean late referrals to specialties

Inappropriate admissions overnight due to fewer senior decision makers and alternatives to admission

Minimal number of discharges in the mornings leads to congestion in the Department

Lack of effective & consistent use of our pathways.

Actions to maintain or improve performance

Planned stocktake in September against all performance indicators with focus alongside the ED team in October to drive down waits in that Department. We remain on track for the new ward opening in November 2024 and are introducing changes to ways of working ahead of the physical estate changes such as extended consultant hours in our Acute Medical Unit and an expansion of the criteria of patients who can be referred to frailty services. These changes were introduced at the end of August/start of September.

Risks and mitigations

Limited control over patient attendances. **Mitigation** - we continue to work with Buckinghamshire Place pathways on alternative pathways and redirection pathways through the Buckinghamshire Place Board. This has result in the continued investment in the Primary Care Clinical Assessment Service for 2024/25. Constraints on out of hospital care funding in the NHS and social care may inhibit reduction of non-criteria to reside patients. **Mitigation** - we are working closely with system partners to improve discharge processes and manage capacity collectively.

Winter pressures will bring increased demand. **Mitigation** - we are planning now for increased capacity with Olympic Lodge and increased integration of our community services to support admission avoidance.

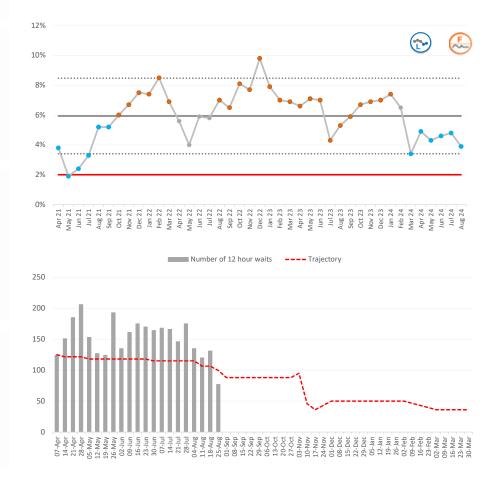
Delay in ward opening until November 24.

Target: In March 2025 no more than 2% of patients spend more than 12 hours in Stoke Mandeville ED

Owner: Chief Operating Officer

Committee: Finance and Business Performance

Aug-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
3.9%	Special cause variation - improvement	2.0%	Incapable process - likely to consistently fail to meet the target



Aug-24

Conversion rate to admission

Variance Type

Number of patients admitted to a General & Acute (G&A) bed (directly or indirectly) from Stoke Mandeville ED over total number of type 1 ED attendances during the month.

Target

1	0.9%		Com	imon	cau	se va	ariat	ion			-					1	N/A			
20% 18% 16% 14% 12% 10% 8%			\				SIM	I SDE	Соре	ens		Z)	 7.
4% 2% 0%	Apr 21	Jun 21	Aug Oct 21	Dec 21	Feb 22	Apr 22	Jun 22	Aug	Oct 22	Dec 22	Feb 23	Apr 23	Jun 23	Aug	Oct 23	Dec 23	Feb 24	Apr 24	Jun 24	Aug

ED 4 hour performance

Variance Type

Aug-24

The percentage of patients spending 4 hours or less in ED from arrival to departure over all types of in month departures from ED.

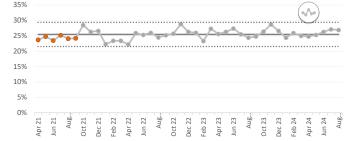
Target

76.5%		use variation - ovement	78%		ole process - likely to ly fail to meet the target
95% 90% 85%					
75% 70% 65%		~		\^	**************************************
Apr 21 %05	Aug Oct 21 Dec 21	Feb 22 Apr 22 Jun 22 Aug	Oct 22 Dec 22 Feb 23	Apr 23 Jun 23 Aug	Dec 23 Feb 24 Apr 24 Jun 24 Aug

Discharges by 2pm

Proportion of inpatients discharged between 5am - 2pm of all discharges. Excludes maternities, deceased, purely elective wards and patients not staying over midnight.

Jul-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
27.1%	Common cause variation	-	N/A
35%			



How we are performing

Conversion rate to admission: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

ED 4 hour performance: This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last six data points falling above the central line.

However the target lies above the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

Discharges by 2pm: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Drivers of performance

Achievement

Expansion of SDEC hours has facilitated this reduction in admissions. Challenges in consistently delivering high performance at the Stoke Mandeville Urgent Treatment Centre.

Increased waiting times in ED in the evenings and then overnight which are challenging to recover during the day.

Inconsistent processes across wards can lead to late discharges including lack of clarity on the key steps needed for a discharge.

Delays due to length process to write TTOs (drug prescriptions) for patients

Actions to maintain or improve performance

Increased use of CDU improving 4 hours performance in A&E $\,$

Achievement

Review of UTC leadership to be concluded in June. New middle grade rota in ED from August to move more colleagues later in the day

New ED clinical leads driving focus on clinician productivity. Impact expected in August.

New electronic whiteboards to facilitate Board Rounds and clarify next discharge steps rollout started and to be completed by end September.

Expanded discharge lounge with ability for patients to move there without a TTOs to go live in November
Multi Agency Discharge Event (MADE) in September.

Risks and mitigations

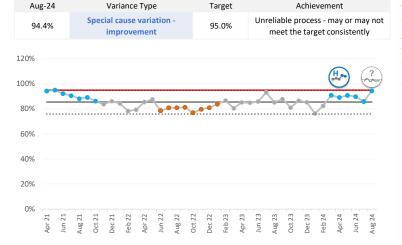
Limited control over patient attendances, however we continue to work with ICB on alternative pathways and redirection pathways through the UEC programme.

Cultural changes to working practices can take time to be accepted and embed and this is being supported through an external provider.

There have been a number of previous attempts to implement new ward round processes including digital input. Learning has been taken from these attempts and a more deliberate, phased and better resourced approach is in place to ensure success.

Ambulance handovers within 30 mins

The percentage of ambulance handovers during the month taking 30 minutes or less, over all handovers in the month.

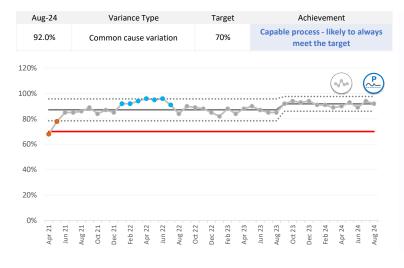


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last six data points falling above the central line.

The target lies just below the upper control limit and so is very unlikely be achieved unless something changes in the process.

Urgent 2 hour response - community

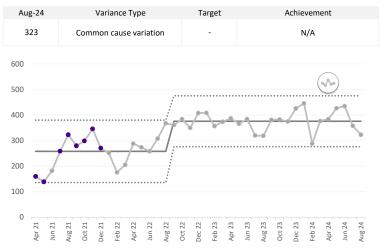
Percentage of urgent referrals (2 hour) from community services or 111 that are seen within 2 hours.



From the data, there appears to have been a step change in September 2023 nature with the last twelve data points falling above the central line so the limits have been recalculated at this point. This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies below the current control limits and so can be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process.

Urgent community response referrals

Number of urgent referrals (2 hour) from community services or 111 received.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Aug-24

Patients without Criteria to Reside

Variance Type

The number of patients in hospital who do not meet the criteria to reside. Snapshot taken at month end.

Target

Achievement

Achievement

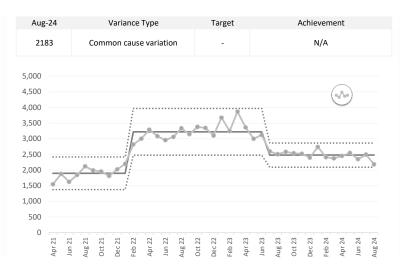
Unreliable process - may or may not

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From the data, there appears to have been a step change in July 2023 so the limits have been recalculated at this point. This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Bed days lost for patients without Criteria to Reside

The number of bed days lost during the month for patients who did not meet the criteria to reside but were not discharged.



From the data, there appears to have been a step change in July 2023 so the limits have been recalculated at this point. This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Hospital at home utilisation

Variance Type

29-Aug-24

Bucks Hospital at Home current patients using the service divided by number of open beds. Fortnightly snapshot.

Capacity

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This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

However the target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Access & Performance



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Planned care								
Acute open pathway RTT performance	Jul 24	55.3%	92.0%	(H)	£	53.9%	52.3%	55.4%
Acute waiting list size	Jul 24	48687	-	1		48320	46229	50412
Acute open pathway 65 week breaches	Jul 24	77	-	(t)	£	828	547	1110
Acute open pathway 65 week risks	Aug 24	320	702			-	-	-
Acute open pathway 52 week breaches	Jul 24	1600	-	(1)		3096	2346	3847
Median waiting time for acute waiting list for adults (days)	Jul 24	111	-	(2)		118	109	126
Median waiting time for acute waiting list for paediatrics (days)	Jul 24	98	-	(1)		123	111	136
Community waiting list size	Aug 24	7900	-			8473	8035	8911
Community waiting list 65 week breaches	Aug 24	803	-	(20)		989	851	1128
Community waiting list 52 week breaches	Aug 24	1047	-	(20)		8473	8035	8911
Median waiting time for community waiting list for adults (days)	Aug 24	67	-	(t)		989	851	1128
Median waiting time for community waiting list for paediatrics (days)	Aug 24	144	-	(1)		1357	1196	1518

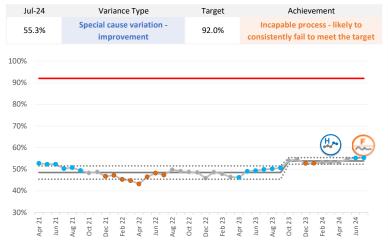
Access & Performance



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Planned care continued							
Diagnostic compliance	Jul 24	17.4%	5.0%	₾	35.5%	27.0%	44.0%
CWT 28 Day General Faster Diagnosis Standard	Jul 24	76.8%	75.0%	₩ ?	68.8%	57.3%	80.2%
CWT 31 Day General Treatment Standard	Jul 24	85.9%	96.0%	∞ €	82.0%	74.0%	90.0%
CWT 62 Day General Treatment Standard	Jul 24	64.3%	70.0%	∞	62.7%	46.1%	79.3%
Cancer referrals	Jul 24	2599	- (1	2244	1693	2795
Elective activity	Aug 24	4495	- (1	4060	3228	4893
Elective activity against plan	Aug 24	1.7%	0.0%		-	-	-
New outpatient activity	Aug 24	17280	_ (• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	18932	14283	23580
New outpatient activity against plan	Aug 24	-3.8%	0.0%		-	-	-

Acute open pathway RTT performance

Percentage of patients waiting less than 18 weeks on an incomplete RTT pathway at the end of the month.

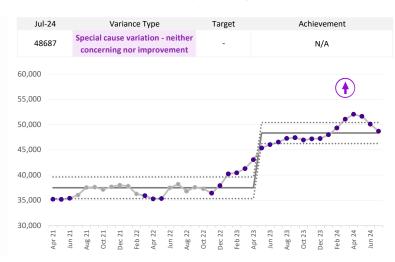


From the data, there appears to have been a step change in October 2023 so the limits have been recalculated at this point.
This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last two out of three data points close to or above the upper control limit.
However the target still lies above the upper control limit and is unlikely to be acheived without a change in the process.

RTT performance remains stable as the Trust continues to focus on our long waiting patients.

Acute waiting list size

The number of acute incomplete RTT pathways (patients waiting to start treatment) at the end of the reporting period.

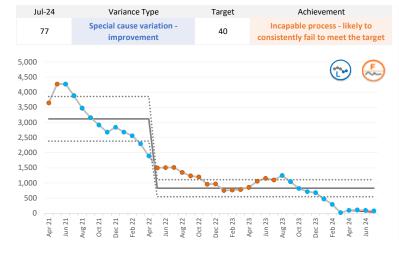


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last six data points falling above the central line.

Activity is increasing this year and this has a positive effect on the number of patients on the waiting list. We aim to continue this work throughout 24/25.

Acute open pathway 65 week breaches

Number of patients waiting over 65 weeks on an incomplete RTT pathway at the end of the month.

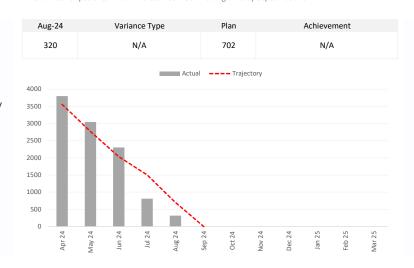


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last seven data points falling below the lower control limit.

On track to eliminate open pathways beyond 65 weeks wait by end of September.

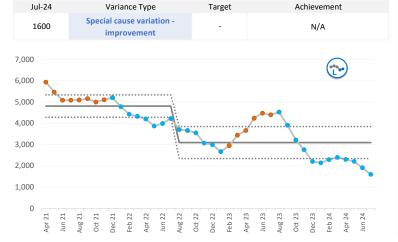
Acute open pathway 65 week risks

The number of patients who will breach 65 week waiting time by September 2024.



Acute open pathway 52 week breaches

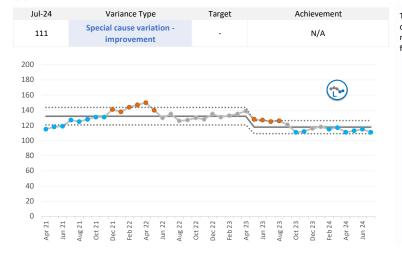
Number of patients waiting over 52 weeks on an incomplete RTT pathway at the end of the month.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last eight data points falling below the lower control limit.

Median waiting time for acute waiting list for adults (days)

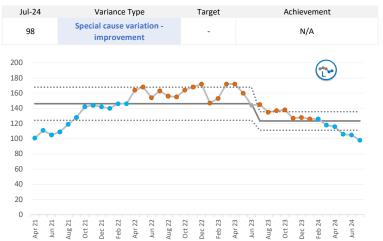
Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for adult patients on the acute waiting list. Patients are aged 16 years and over.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last six data points falling below the central line.

Median waiting time for acute waiting list for paediatrics (days)

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for paediatric patients on the acute waiting list. Patients are aged under 16 years.

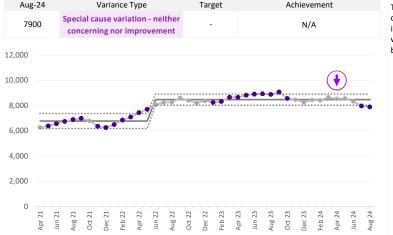


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last three data points falling below the lower control limit.

Community waiting list size

Number of patients waiting on the community waiting list at the end of the month. Excludes universal referrals (i.e. health visitors, school nurses, looked after children, and family nurse partnership) and includes community paediatrics under 18 week pathway rules.

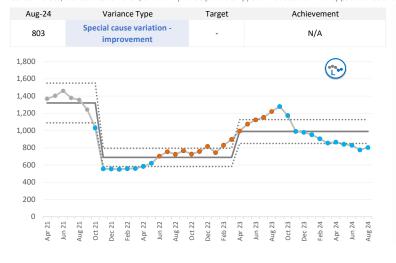
Achievement



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last two data points falling below the lower control limit.

Community waiting list 65 week breaches

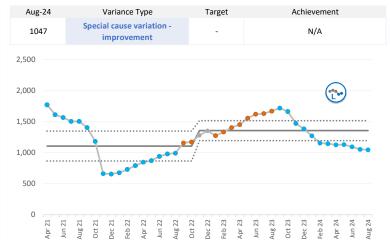
Number of patients waiting over 65 weeks on the community waiting list at the end of the month. Excludes universal referrals (i.e. health visitors, school nurses, looked after children, and family nurse partnership) and includes community paediatrics under 18 week pathway rules.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last four data points falling below the lower control limit.

Community waiting list 52 week breaches

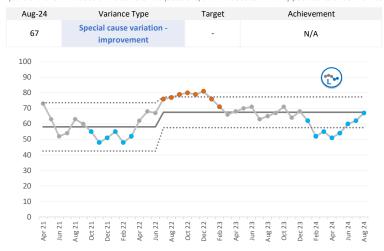
Number of patients waiting over 52 weeks on the community waiting list at the end of the month. Excludes universal referrals (i.e. health visitors, school nurses, looked after children, and family nurse partnership) and includes community paediatrics under 18 week pathway rules.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last seven data points falling below the lower control limit.

Median waiting time for community waiting list for adults (days)

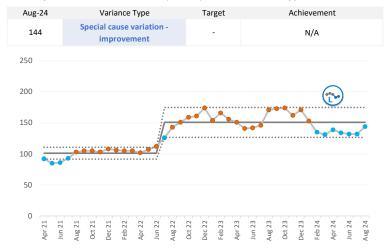
Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for adult patients on the community waiting list. Patients are aged 16 years and over. Excludes universal referrals (as above) and includes community paediatrics under 18 week pathway rules.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last two of three data points falling close to or below the lower control limit and the last eight data points falling below the central line.

Median waiting time for community waiting list for paediatrics (days)

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for paediatric patients on the community waiting list. Patients are aged under 16 years. Excludes universal referrals (as above) and includes community paediatrics under 18 week pathway rules.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last seven data points falling below the central line

Diagnostic compliance

Variance Type

Jul-24

The number of patients waiting more than 6 weeks at month end for Imaging, Physiological Measurement or Endoscopy tests over all patients waiting at month end for tests.

Achievement

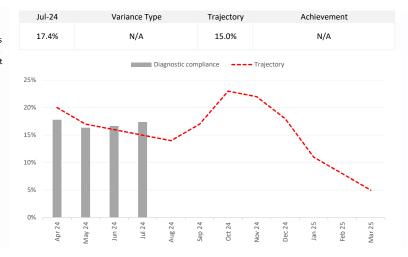
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0%	Apr 21 Jun 21	Aug 21 Oct 21	Dec 21 Feb 22	Apr 22 Jun 22	Aug 22	Dec 22	Feb 23	Apr 23	Aug 23	Oct 23	Dec 23	Feb 24	Apr 24	Jun 24

Target

This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the latest six data points falling below the lower control limit. The target still lies below the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

Diagnostic compliance remains stable but the number of patients waiting for a diagnostic procedure has vastly reduced.

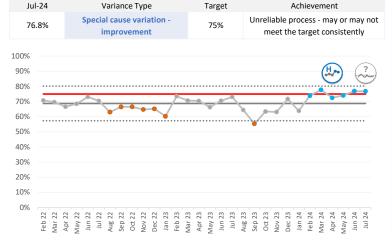
Diagnostic trajectory



Jul-24

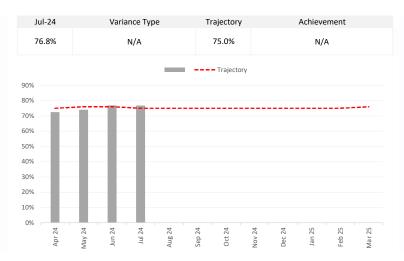
CWT 28 Day General Faster Diagnosis Standard

Maximum four weeks (28 days) from receipt of urgent GP (or other referrer) referral for suspected cancer, breast symptomatic referral or urgent screening referral, to the point at which the patient is told they have cancer, or cancer is definitively excluded.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the latest six data points falling above the central line. The target lies within the current control limits, but just below the upper control limit and so the target is unlikely be achieved unless something changes in the process.

CWT 28 Day trajectory



CWT 31 Day General Treatment Standard

Variance Type

Maximum 31 days from Decision To Treat/Earliest Clinically Appropriate Date to Treatment of cancer. Percentage of patients receiving a first definitive treatment or subsequent treatment for cancer within 31 days in the reporting period over all patients receiving treatment.

Achievement

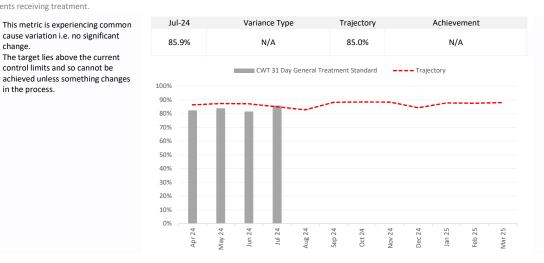
	Vai	nance Type	raiget	Achievement
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Target

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies above the current control limits and so cannot be

in the process.

CWT 31 Day trajectory



Jul-24

CWT 62 Day General Treatment Standard

Variance Type

Maximum 62-day from receipt of an urgent GP (or other referrer) referral for urgent suspected cancer, breast symptomatic referral, urgent screening referral or consultant upgrade to First Definitive Treatment of cancer

Achievement

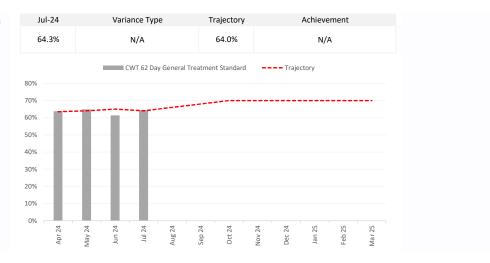
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Target

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

CWT 62 day trajectory



Cancer referrals

Number of patients referrred each month on a cancer pathway.

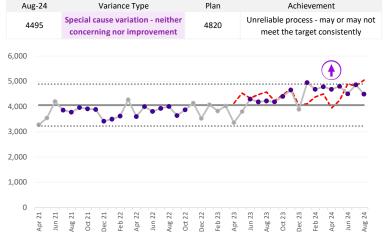
Jul-24	Variance Typ	e Target	Achievement
2599	Special cause variation concerning nor impr	-	N/A
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Apr 21	Aug 21 Oct 21 Dec 21 Feb 22	Jun 22 Aug 22 Oct 22 Dec 22 Feb 23	Apr 23 Jun 23 Aug 23 Oct 23 Dec 23 Feb 24 Apr 24

This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last seven data points falling above the central line.



Elective activity

The number of elective inpatient and day case admissions during the month.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last eight data points falling above the central line.

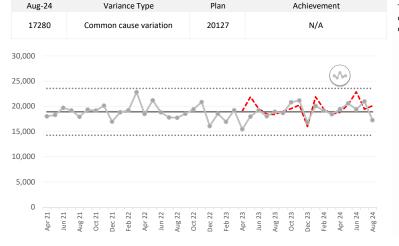
Elective activity against plan

The year to date number of elective inpatient and day case admissions over year to date plan for the same period. For financial year 2024/25.



New outpatient activity

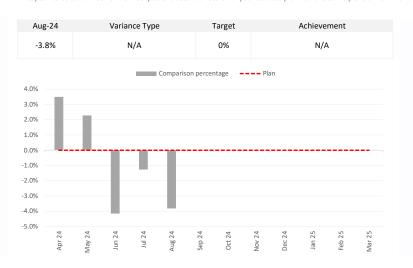
Total number of new outpatient attendances during the month.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

New outpatient activity against plan

The year to date number of new outpatient attendances over year to date plan for the same period. For financial year 2024/25.



Clinical accreditation



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Lariation Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objective						
Clinical accreditation	Aug 24	19	-	-	-	-
Driver metrics						
Incidents that are low/no harm	Aug 24	97.3%	98.0%	98.3%	96.9%	99.8%
Complaints responded to within 25 days	Jul 24	82.0%	85.0% 🚱 👶	77.8%	48.3%	107.3%
Falls per 1,000 bed days	Aug 24	5.3	6.2	4.9	3.5	6.3
Quality & safety						
Incidents reported	Aug 24	1238	- 00	1221	957	1486
Pressure ulcers per 1,000 days	Jul 24	2.46	_	2.92	1.40	4.44
HSMR	May 24	90.6	100.0	91.4	87.4	95.3
Clostridioides difficile	Aug 24	1	4	3	-3	10
Complaints received	Aug 24	46	- %	41	10	73
Perinatal mortality (over 24 weeks)	Aug 24	4	0 %	1	-2	5
Term admissions to the neonatal unit	Aug 24	4.4%	5.0%		0.9%	7.7%
Overall preterm birth rate	Aug 24	6.0%	6.0%	5.9%	1.9%	9.9%

Clinical accreditation



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Patient Safety Incident Response Framework								
After Action Reviews	Aug 24	18	-			-	-	-
Multi Disciplinary Team reviews	Aug 24	2	-			-	-	-
Patient Safety Incident Investigations	Aug 24	1	-			-	-	_



Clinical accreditation

Definition: The cumulative total number of accreditations awarded by month end and the cumulative total number of areas in the trust with a silver (or higher) accreditation at month end. (Resetting baseline to zero in April 2024.)

How we are performing

In August 2024, we completed a total of 11 assessments. The outcomes were as follows: 7 White, 0 Bronze, 4 Silver, and 0 Gold ratings.

Drivers of performance

Our performance continues to be influenced by several key factors:

Adherence to Core Quality and Safety Standards: Ensuring that all wards and departments follow established quality and safety protocols and regulatory and legislative Standards.

Consistent Governance: Maintaining oversight through Care Group quality governance systems, including regular audits, reviews, and accountability measures.

Focus on High Behavioural Standards and Empowerment: Upholding professionalism, teamwork, and ethical conduct while fostering an environment where colleagues feel safe and empowered to voice any concerns without fear of reprisal.

Culture of Continuous Improvement: Encouraging every team member to actively seek and implement improvements in processes and workflows. **Data-Driven Decision-Making**: Utilizing comprehensive data analytics to monitor key performance metrics, such as patient outcomes and compliance rates, enabling informed decisions that drive continuous quality and safety improvements.

Actions to maintain or improve performance

The Cycle 2 accreditation programme is progressing according to plan, with 3 areas being accredited each week.

A new weekly excellence huddle was introduced at the start of May 2024, providing nursing staff with protected time to return to the floor, identify barriers to success on selected topics, and share best practices and learning.

From September 2024, there will be a focus on tracking clinical accreditation learning, alongside an increased emphasis on quality governance during Care Group Performance Reviews.

Risks and mitigations

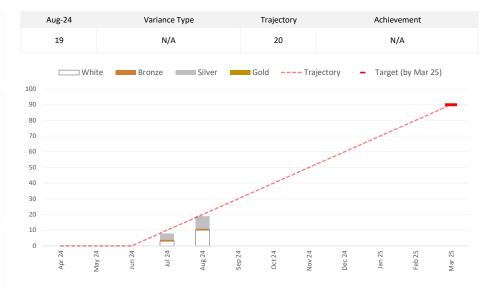
Resourcing Challenges: The programme faces challenges due to financial constraints affecting resource allocation.

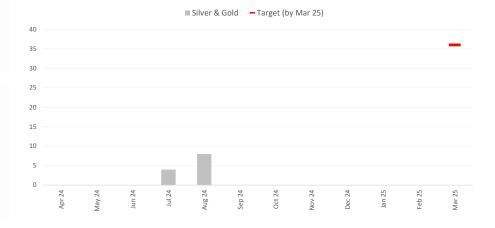
Mitigation: The Transformation Team is currently reviewing resource allocation to explore additional support options for the programme. Additional resource to the team in line with the trust governance and patient safety consultation outcome.

Target: All acute areas undergo clinical accreditation and at least 40% achieve a silver award

Owner: Chief Nursing Officer

Committee: Quality and Clinical Governance

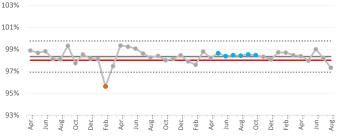




Incidents that are low/no harm

Percentage of incidents classed as low or no harm in the month (over all incidents reported in the month).

97.3% Common cause variation 98% Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently	Aug-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
	97.3%	Common cause variation	98%	



Complaints responded to within 25 days

Variance Type

Percentage of complaints responded to within 25 days of receipt. Reporting suspended until July 21 due to Covid.

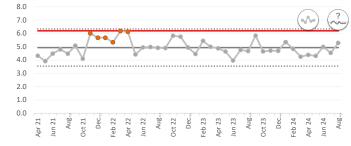
82.0%	Common cause variation	85%	not meet the target consistently
140%			
120%			(%) (?)
100%			
80%			
60%		V	8 8
40%		***************************************	***************************************
20%			
ul 21 0%	Sep Jan Ma Sep	Ma Ma	Ma

Target

Falls per 1,000 bed days

Rate of inpatient falls incidents reported per 1,000 inpatient bed days.

Aug-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement			
5.3	Common cause variation	6.2	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently			



How we are performing

Incidents that are low/no harm: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Complaints responded to within 25 days: This metric is

experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant

so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

change. The target lies within the current control limits and

promoting incidents reporting for learning

Usage of Quail (AI enabled complaints dashboard) for better oversight and

Falls per 1.000 bed days: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies within the current control limits however it is close to the upper control limit and so the metric is likely to acheive the target most of the time unless there is a change to the process.

Drivers of performance

Implementation of Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF)

Jul-24

tracking of complaints performance, themes, and action monitoring.

Harm Free Care Group theming of incidents by Care Group and subsequent development of local and trust wide quality improvement plan.

Actions to maintain or improve performance

Continue to embed PSIRF principle as a learning organisation and promote psychological safety and just culture

Achievement

Unreliable process - may or may

Weekly Patient Safety Forum for Care Groups presentation of patient safety incidents for learning and triangulation of data with complaints, PALS contacts, claims, and litigation.

PSIRF training provided by NHS England accredited training provider.

Complaints performance oversight through Care Groups monthly governance meeting, Patient Experience Board and Care Group performance review.

Theming of incidents and learning responses presentation by Care Groups to the Patient Safety Forum and Harm Free Care Group meetings.

Risks and mitigations

Cultural transformation in line with transition from serious incident framework (SIF) to PSIRF.

Mitigation:

NHSE accredited training on Creating a Just Learning Culture. Senior leadership behavioural framework

Recruitment of patient safety investigators and family liaison officer.

Embedding the usage of the complaints tool -Quail in specialty and Care Group governance meeting to identify themes and quality improvement development

Short term sickness leading to staffing shortfall for 1:1 specialling for patients at high risk of fall.

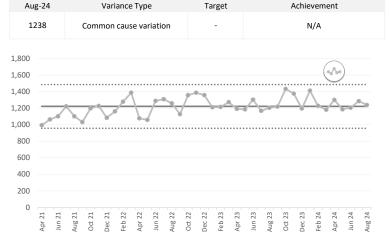
Mitigations:

Safety huddle and staffing redeployment based on patients' acuity and dependency.

Enhanced Care Supervision policy in place.

Incidents reported

Total number of incidents reported on DATIX during the month.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Pressure ulcers per 1,000 days

Rate of pressure ulcer incidents reported per 1,000 inpatient bed days. Includes all pressure ulcer categories.

Jul-24	Variance	е Туре	Target	Achi	ievement
2.46	Common cau	se variation	-		N/A
6.0					
5.0					(%)
4.0			:	•••••	11
3.0	•••••			$\rightarrow \wedge \wedge$	
2.0	. ^	1		/ /	
1.0		V		•••••	
Apr 21	Aug 21 Oct 21 Dec 21 Feb 22	Apr 22 Jun 22 Aug 22	Oct 22 Dec 22 Feb 23	Apr 23 Jun 23 Aug 23 Oct 23	Dec 23 Feb 24 Apr 24 Jun 24

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

HSMR

Hospital Standardised Mortality Ratio (rolling 12 months).

May-24		Variance Type		Target		A	chieveme	nt	
90.6	Common cause variation		ation	100.0		Capable process - likely to alway meet the target			ılways
110									
105							(V	%)	P
100							-		
95									• • • • •
90		0-0-0	1		~	-	-		
85	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	************	<u>V</u>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*********		• • • • •
80									
75									
Apr 21 04	Aug 21 Oct 21	Dec 21 Feb 22 Apr 22	Jun 22 Aug 22	Oct 22 Dec 22	Feb 23 Apr 23	Jun 23 Aug 23	Oct 23 Dec 23	Feb 24	Apr 24

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.
The target lies above the current

The target lies above the current control limits and will be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process.

Clostridioides difficile

Variance Type

Aug-24

Number of C-diff cases Healthcare-associated cases (Community onset Healthcare Associated + Hospital onset Healthcare-associated) in the month.

Achievement

	1		Comr	non cau	ıse var	iation			4		Unr						r ma tentl	y not y
12															(. 8 .	\ (?
10				• • • • • • • • •					••••	••••	••••	••••				06.00		
8							Ā					7						
6	1		Ā		Ā		-/					-/	-		ī			
4	7	7-		A	X	Å		Δ		_	_	\neq	+		A	_	A	=
2	\rightarrow			$\langle - \rangle$		•	Å			,	\wedge		-	7	\mathbb{A}	\wedge		-
0									V					\				
-2																		
-4				7	7	2 6		7	m	m	m	m	m	m	4	4	4	4
	Apr 21 Jun 21	Aug 21	Oct 2	Dec 21 Feb 22	Apr 2	Jun 2	0ct 2	Dec 22	Feb 2.	Apr 2.	Jun 2.	Aug 2.	Oct 23	Dec 2	Feb 2	Apr 24	Jun 2	Aug 24

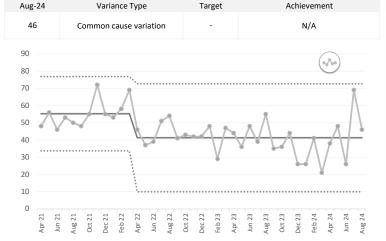
Target

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Complaints received

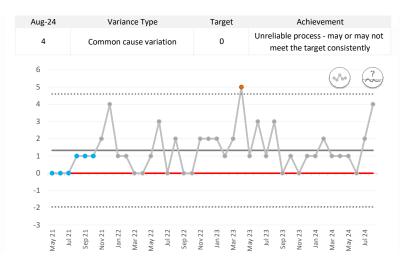
Number of complaints received during the month.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Perinatal mortality (over 24 weeks)

Number of cases of stillbirths and neonatal deaths at 24 weeks or later in month.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Term admissions to the neonatal unit

Percentage of admissions to neonatal unit >37 weeks gestation (over all admissions to the neonatal unit in month).

Aug-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
4.4%	Common cause variation	5%	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently
9%			(%) (?)
8%			(a) (a)
7%			7
6%		Λ	
5%			
4%			
3%	¥ \	and the second	54/ 19 A //
			ν
2%	5-9		
1%		•••••	
0%		2 2 8 8	m m m m + + + +
May 21	Sep 21 Nov 21 Jan 22 Mar 22 May 22 Jul 22	Sep 22 Nov 22 Jan 23 Mar 23	May 23 Jul 23 Sep 23 Nov 23 Jan 24 Mar 24 May 24 Jul 24
2	2 2 2	-,	2 - 2 - 2 - 2

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Overall preterm birth rate

Percentage of birth that occur <37 weeks gestation (over all births in month).

Aug-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
6.0%	Common cause variation	6%	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently
12%			(s/s) (?)
10%			0 0
8%	. ^	ΛΛ	
6%		\overline{A}	
4%		\$-4	Å v
2%		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
May 21	Sep 21 Nov 21 Jan 22 May 22 Jul 22 Sep 22	Nov 22 Jan 23 Mar 23	May 23 Jul 23 Sep 23 Nov 23 Jan 24 May 24 Jul 24

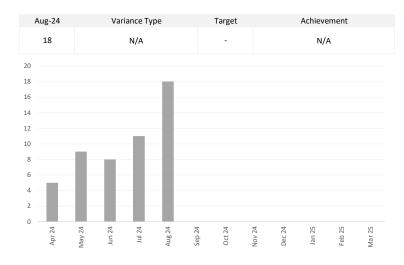
This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.



After Action Reviews

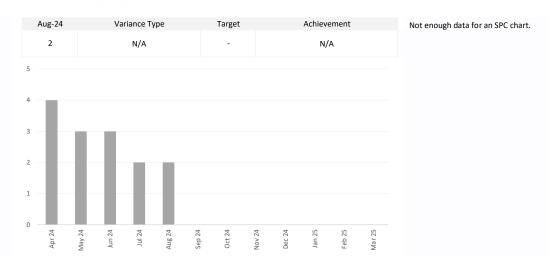
Number of After Action Reviews (AAR) underway.



Not enough data for an SPC chart.

Multi Disciplinary Team reviews

Number of Multi Disciplinary Team (MDT) reviews underway.



Patient Safety Incident Investigations

Number of Patient Safety Incident Investigations (PSII) underway.

Aug-24		Var	iance Ty	pe		Target			Achieve	ment		Not enough data for an SPC chart.
1			N/A			-			N/A	A		
2												
1												
0 ———												
Apr 24	May 24	Jun 24	Jul 24	Aug 24	Sep 24	Oct 24	Nov 24	Dec 24	Jan 25	Feb 25	Mar 25	

Healthy Communities



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objectives								
Attendance rates for Health and Development Review	Aug 24	87.1%	85.0%	9%	?	83.7%	70.5%	96.8%
Number of blood pressure checks at outpatient								
appointments			-					
Driver metrics								
Expected level of achievement with Health and Development Review	Aug 24	94.7%	90.0%	•	?	93.7%	85.2%	102.3%
Healthy communities							•	
Staff completing very brief advice training for smoking cessation	Aug 24	64.5%	75.0%			-	-	-
Maternity smoking at time of booking	Aug 24	5.0%	5.0%	9/30	?	6.1%	1.5%	10.6%
Maternity smoking at time of delivery	Aug 24	5.7%	5.0%	(0,700)	?	4.2%	1.9%	6.6%



Attendance rates for Health and Development Review

Definition: Percentage of children from opportunity Bucks that attend 12-month Health and development review by the time they're 15 months (over all children from opportunity Bucks who turn 15 months old during the reporting month.)

How we are performing

From the data, there appears to have been a step change in April 2023 with the last thirteen data points falling above the central line so the limits have been recalculated at this point.

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Drivers of performance

Actions to maintain or improve performance

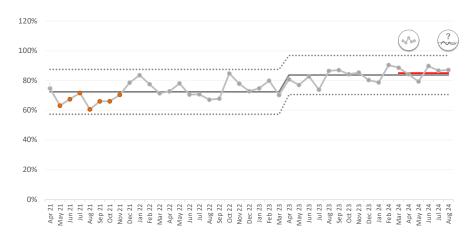
This target continues to show improvement and be above target showing the impact of changes the team have implemented. Work is ongoing to continue communication of the purpose and benefit of the health and development review

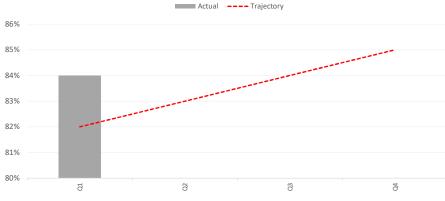
Risks and mitigations

Target: Deliver at least 85% by the end of 2024/25

Owner: Chief Digital and Transformation Officer **Committee:** Finance and Business Performance

Aug-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
87.1%	Common cause variation	85%	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently







Number of blood pressure checks at outpatient appointments

Definition: The percentage of adult outpatients having their blood pressure taken at an face to face outpatient appointment (over all adult face to face outpatient appointments during the reporting month.)

How we are performing **Drivers of performance** Actions to maintain or improve performance **Risks and mitigations**

Target: Deliver at least 75% by the end of 2024/25

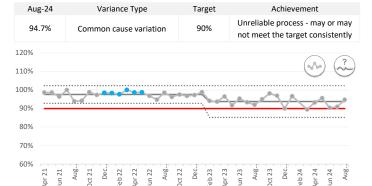
Owner: Chief Medical Officer

Committee: Finance and Business Performance

Aug-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement

Expected level of achievement with Health and Development Review

Percentage of children attending the 12-month HDR who achieve the expected level or above for all areas (over all children with a review in month.) Children from from opportunity Bucks only.



How we are performing Drivers of performance

Expected level of achievement with HDR: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

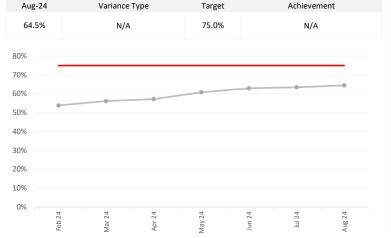
Actions to maintain or improve performance

Risks and mitigations

August has shown an improvement with the metric now meeting the target. Work will continue to ensure all children requiring additional support are identified and support is put in place early.

Staff completing very brief advice training for smoking cessation

The percentage of patient facing staff have completed Very Brief Advice (VBA) training for smoking cessation. Data collection commenced February 2024.



Not enough data for an SPC chart.

Maternity smoking at time of booking

Percentage of overall women who book in month who are current smokers.

Aug-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
5.0%	Common cause variation	5.0%	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently
14%			
12%			(a/ha) ?
10%	_	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
8%	1~11	\ \ \ \ \	
6%			
4%	¥	V	V V V V
2%		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
May 21 80	Sep 21 Nov 21 Jan 22 Mar 22 May 22 Jul 22	Sep 22 Nov 22 Jan 23 Mar 23	May 23 Sep 23 Jul 23 Jun 24 May 24 Jul 24
W -	Se Ja No Ma Ma Ma	Se No Se	Ma Ma

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.
The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Maternity smoking at time of delivery

Percentage of overall women who deliver in month who are current smokers.

Aug-24	Variance Type	Target		Achievement	
5.7%	Common cause variat	on 5.0%		le process - may or may not t the target consistently	Ċ
12%					
10%				∞ ?)
	••••••	•••••	•		
8%	1 . 1	^ ^ ^			
6%			7	<u> </u>	
4%	V	V			
2%	•••••		·······		
May 21 Jul 21	Sep 21 Nov 21 Jan 22 Mar 22 Jul 22	Sep 22 Nov 22 Jan 23 Mar 23	May 23 Jul 23 Sep 23	Nov 23 Jan 24 May 24 Jul 24	
Ma	Se Ju Ju	Se No Ja	Ma Jt Se	No Ma J.L	

From the data, there appears to have been a step change in August 2023 so the limits have been recalculated at this point.

This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

However the target still lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Median waiting time for acute waiting list for adults (days)

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for adult patients on the acute waiting list. Patients are aged 16 years and over split by Opportunity Bucks and Non Opportunity Bucks patients.



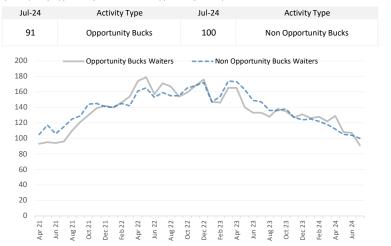
Median waiting time for community waiting list for adults (days)

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for adult patients on the community waiting list. Patients aged 16 years and over split by Opportunity Bucks and Non Opportunity Bucks. Excludes universal referrals and includes Community Paediatrics.

Aug-24	Activity Type	Activity Type Aug-24 Activity Type								
74	Opportunity Bucks	66	Non Opportunity Bucks							
120	Opportunity Bucks Waiters	Non O	pportunity Bucks Waiters							
100										
80	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	N.								
60		*6								
40										
20										
O Apr 21	Aug 21 Oct 21 Dec 21 Feb 22 Jun 22	Oct 22 Dec 22 Feb 23	Jun 23 Aug 23 Oct 23 Dec 23 Feb 24 Jun 24							
< =	. 4 . 0 . 4 . 4	OPFA	- 4 0 0 1 4 1 4							

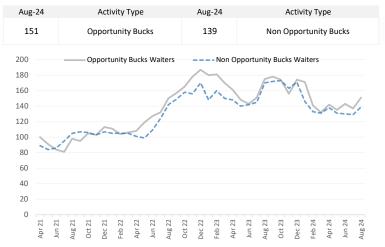
Median waiting time for acute waiting list for paediatrics (days)

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for adult patients on the acute waiting list. Patients are aged under 16 years split by Opportunity Bucks and Non Opportunity Bucks patients.



Median waiting time for community waiting list for paediatrics (days)

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for paediatric patients on the community waiting list. Patients aged under 16 years split by Opportunity Bucks and Non Opportunity Bucks. Excludes universal referrals and includes Community Paediatrics.



Great place to work



КРІ	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation		Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objective							
Staff experiencing bullying from managers	2023	9.4%	8.4%		10.5% (avg)	5.8% (best)	16.9% (worst)
Staff experiencing bullying from other colleagues	2023	17.7%	15.7%		19.3% (avg)	12.3% (best)	26.1% (worst)
Great place to work				_			
Trust overall vacancy rate	Aug 24	7.3%	10.0%		7.4%	5.1%	9.8%
Nursing and midwifery vacancy rate	Aug 24	6.2%	10.0%		8.4%	5.9%	10.9%
Turnover	Aug 24	11.5%	12.0%		11.0%	10.4%	11.7%
Sickness	Jul 24	3.9%	3.5%	√²	3.8%	3.2%	4.5%
Statutory and Mandatory training	Aug 24	92.1%	90.0%	(A) (P)	91.5%	90.2%	92.9%



Behaviours

Definition: Percentage of staff saying they experienced at least one incident of bullying, harassment or abuse out of those who answered the question: In the last 12 months how many times have you personally experienced harassment, bullying or abuse at work from managers/other colleagues?

How we are performing

% of colleagues reporting bullying by managers = 9% % of colleagues reporting bullying by colleagues = 17%

Drivers of performance

Lead indicators include, low appraisal compliance, high sickness rates, high vacancy rate & low no. of excellence reports, low numbers of managers completing Peaks programmes

Lag indicators include: high number of Datix, higher ER cases, poor NQPS & NSS results

Actions to maintain or improve performance

Difficult Conversation training for Managers designed, scheduled and promoted – supporting managers to approach and facilitate conversations about B&H. Team tool – 'Introduction to Civility', team meeting session and supporting tools designed with monthly training sessions scheduled for managers. Reporting tool – designed and currently in testing phase with People Directorate.

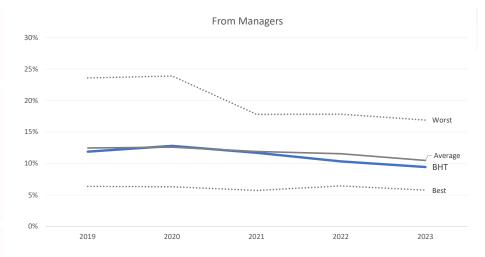
Risks and mitigations

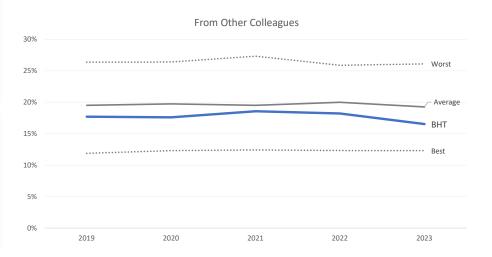
Managers not delivering 'Introduction to Civility' session in team meetings. Mitigation – monthly train the manager sessions and support provided as required, with all resources available on CAKE

Resources to respond to incidents raised through reporting tool. Mitigation – key personnel identified across People Directorate with access to tool and time allocated to respond.

Target: No more than 8.4% of staff experiencing bullying from managers and 15.7% of staff experiencing bullying from colleagues by December

Owner: Chief People Officer Committee: Strategic People





Trust overall vacancy rate

Percentage of all vacant FTE positions in Trust vs number of all FTE positions (occupied and vacant) in the Trust.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

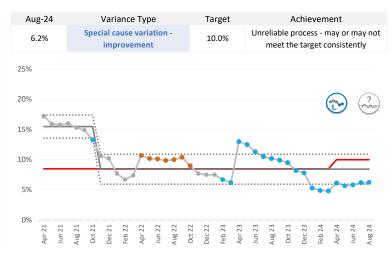
The target lies above the current control limits and will be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process.

The Trust vacancy rate remains lower (better) than the 10% threshold

We continue to make improvements to time to hire. We are focussing on recruitment plans for hotspot areas, in particular where vacancies are currently covered with temporary staffing.

Nursing and midwifery vacancy rate

Percentage of vacant N&M FTE positions in Trust vs number of N&M FTE positions (occupied and vacant) in the Trust.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last two out of three data points falling close to the lower control limit.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Nursing and Midwifery vacancy rate remains stable and below (better than) the threshold.

Focus remains on the recruitment of graduating nursing students to key areas and recruitment to specialist areas.

We expect to recruit a high proportion of graduating midwives, which will impact positively on that team.

Turnover

% number of FTE staff that have left the employment of the Trust compared to the total FTE staff employed by the Trust. Rolling 12 months.

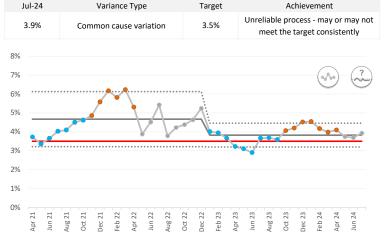
Aug-24	,	Variance Typ	e	Tar	get		Achie	evement		
11.5%	Specia	al cause varia concerning		12	.0%	Capabl	le proces meet t	s - likely he targe		ays
18% ————————————————————————————————————			Personal Property of the Personal Property of					H) (P
12%							V.0.8.			
8%										
6%										
4%										
2%										
Apr 21	Aug 21 Oct 21	Dec 21 Feb 22 Apr 22	Jun 22 Aug 22	Oct 22 Dec 22	Feb 23 Apr 23	Jun 23 Aug 23	Oct 23 Dec 23	Feb 24 Apr 24	Jun 24	Aug 24

This metric is experiencing special cause variation of a concerning nature with the last two out of three data points falling close to the upper control limit. The target lies above the current control limits and will be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process. Turnover remains stable and below (better than) threshold. Excluding leavers on fixed term contracts, we had 20 fewer leavers in August compared with July. Main leaver reasons were relocation and then retirement (2 colleagues retire and returned). We are seeing a reduction in colleagues leaving due to reasons associated with work life balance a positive impact of our working



Sickness

Percentage of total working hours lost because of sickness absences compared to the total working hours undertaken by the Trust.



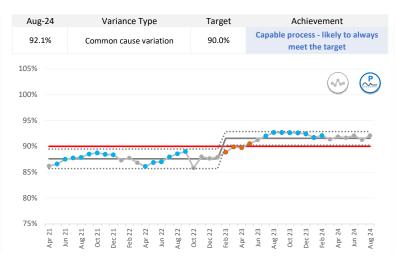
This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

HR, OH and Wellbeing Advice and Guidance surgeries were launched in August to support colleagues and managers with a range of sickness related matters, as part of the Trust sickness absence support and management programme. Monthly health summits with OH&WB and HR to review long term sickness cases for support and management. We will monitor the impact of these interventions in future months.

Statutory and Mandatory training

The percentage of eligible staff members being up to date with statutory & mandatory training. Snapshot at month end.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies just below the current control limits so is likely to be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process.

Compliance has increased since last month.

Oliver McGowan training (not included in the overall figures above) has also increased, with compliance now at 63.1%

Productivity



КРІ	Latest month	Measure	Variation Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objective						
Overall NHSE measure of productivity	Jun 24	-3.2%	-6.4%	-12.4%	-14.8%	-10.0%
Driver metrics						
14 day length of stay - acute & community	Aug 24	200	- %	195	159	232
Theatre cases per 4 hours planned time	Aug 24	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.2	2.6
WTEs in the Trust	Aug 24	6281.2	6676.0	6189.1	6099.0	6279.3
Productivity						
14 day length of stay - acute	Aug 24	159	- 000	154	123	186
Average LOS - community hospitals	Aug 24	15.9	- %	19.7	12.8	26.5
Theatre utilisation	Aug 24	84.3%	85.0% 🚱 👶	84.8%	82.7%	86.8%
Daycase rate	Aug 24	82.0%	85.0% 🔂 🕹	84.1%	81.1%	87.2%
Face to face contacts delivered by Community Therapy	Aug 24	350.0	- 00	440.1	225.7	654.5
Face to face contacts delivered by District Nursing	Aug 24	3920.8	- 00	3629.2	3261.0	3997.5
Outpatient DNA rate	Aug 24	7.1%	5.0% 🔡 🐍	7.1%	6.2%	8.0%

Productivity



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Plan	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit	
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Productivity continued

Temporary staffing levels (spend £)	Jun 24	3249098.00	-	(t)	4220718.20	2985398.53	5456037.87
Substantive staffing	Aug 24	6281.2	6371.5	1	6189.1	6099.0	6279.3
Substantive staffing against plan	Aug 24	-1.3%	-	0.00	-	-	-
Temporary staffing	Jul 24	512.1	411.7		595.5	505.0	686.1
Temporary staffing against plan	Jul 24	4.5%	-	9/30	-	-	-



Overall NHSE measure of productivity

Definition: Comparison between the cost base and weighted activity provided in our acute settings in 23/24, against equivalent periods in 19/20. Year to date figures.

How we are performing

Trust Acute productivity is measured by the national NHS England productivity report. Data is normally provided monthly, latest data is M3 2024/25.

The position shows at M03 2024/25, we are 3.2% less productive compared to 19/20; and 15.9% more productive than 2023/24.

Drivers of performance

Elective activity in the first part of 2024/25 coupled with reduced pay spend, and continued focus on length of stay have maintained this productivity improvement.

Actions to maintain or improve performance

Theatre utilisation and average case per list is being managed on a weekly basis with improvement targets at individual team level for both of these metrics.

Theatre maintenance work last year should minimise downtimes due to estates issues.

Temporary staffing and workforce controls continue with weekly oversight through EMC.

The rollout of new electronic patient whiteboards has started which will further support improved flow and reductions in length of stay. Key productivity metrics for each Care Group monitored monthly with a breakdown of the NHSE productivity metric by Care Group in development.

Risks and mitigations

Our limited capital allocation may prevent the volume of remedial work needed to maintain theatres. Mitigation: We are developing a prospective maintenance plan across operations and estates to minimise risks.

Financial constraints may hinder recruitment to key roles to support high volume activity through theatres. Mitigation: We are ensuring that where there is a clear productivity benefit from recruitment, supported through the control process.

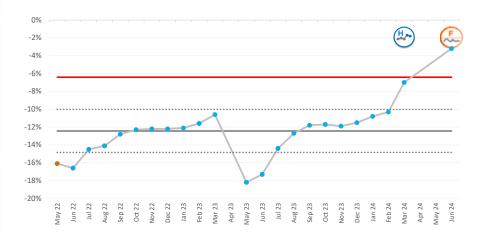
Clinical variation within teams may inhibit the delivery of consistently high cases per list and/or increase in outpatient clinic activity. Mitigation: Productivity improvement is being supported through our cross-cutting Planned Care programme; including a focus on Further Faster, a national GIRFT programme to deliver rapid clinical transformation with the aim of reducing 52-week waits.

Target: 5% improvement on 2023/24 productivity position

Owner: Chief Finance Officer

Committee: Finance and Business Performance

Jun-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
-3.2%	Special cause variation - improvement	-6.4%	Incapable process - likely to consistently fail to meet the target



Aug-24

Achievement

N/A

14 day length of stay - acute & community

Variance Type

Count of patients in beds over 14 days in either Stoke Mandeville or Wycombe hospitals (excluding Spinal) or community beds (Chartridge, Waterside and Buckingham wards), Month end snapshot.

Target

2	200	Со	mmon	cause v	ariation			-					Ν	I/A			
300														- (. 8	\	
250					,										~~ ~~	<i>}</i>	• • •
200				~						7		_	M	<u> </u>	på,		na0
150		.,	· · · · · ·					• • • • • •									• • •
100																	
50																	
0	Apr 21 Jun 21	Aug	Oct 21 Dec	Feb 22 Apr 22	Jun 22 Aug	Oct 22	Dec	Feb 23	Apr 23	Jun 23	Aug	Oct 23	Dec	Feb 24	Apr 24	Jun 24	Aug

Theatre cases per 4 hours planned time

Variance Type

Number of theatre cases per four hours of planned theatre time during the month.

2.4	2.4 Common cause variation				2	fail to meet the target							
3.5													
3.0											100		F
2.5	-4-K X-	-				4	-		-0-0	····/			
2.0													
1.5													
1.0													
0.5													
0.0	Jun 21	Oct 21	Feb 22 Apr 22	Aug	Oct 22 Dec	Feb 23	Jun 23	Aug	Dec	Feb 24	Apr 24	Jun 24	Aug

Target

WTEs in the Trust

Aug-24

6281.2

Snapshot at month end of substantive Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post. Excludes bank and agency.

Establishment

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How we are performing

14 day LOS - acute & community: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Theatre cases per 4 hours planned time: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. However the target lies above the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

WTEs in the Trust: This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last two out of three data points falling close to the upper control limit.

Drivers of performance

Achievement

Numbers of patients who do not meet the criteria to reside Early identification of discharges and clarity on discharge processes Effective escalation process for our longest staying patients

Aug-24

Theatres Cases Per list

Booking density levels at 100%+

Starting on time and standby patients in case of last minute cancellations Standardising of lists make-up to ensure higher volumes

WTE

LOS

Control over temporary staffing and substantive recruitment

Actions to maintain or improve performance

LOS

Rollout of Patient Flow digital whiteboards started Escalation meetings with Bucks Council to resolve recent increase in patients with no criteria to reside

Achievement

More robust escalation process for long staying patients started in June under the Deputy COO

Theatres Cases Per list

Individual SDU by SDU plans developed and agreed for standardisation of lists

Increases in booking density and improved theatre booking, prompt start and standby patient lists

WTE

Continued weekly scrutiny of WTE levels and temporary staffing spend

Action plan to address rise in Bank usage Continued development of Care Group pay plans Risks and mitigations

Variance Type

Special cause variation - neither

LOS

Financial constraints across the system may inhibit the efficient flow of patients. Mitigation - transparent review of data with partners and clear escalation processes.

Theatres Cases Per list

Culture change needed amongst a wide range of teams and with individuals across the MDT setup. Mitigation - investment in new leadership roles in the Wycombe Elective Centre to help drive change and shape culture.

WTE

WTE and pay savings are challenging to make. Mitigation - detailed planning with support from the People team underway across all areas. Focus on key areas for consideration of restructures and rotas to deliver more efficiently. Unseasonably high sickness rate – programme launched to drive improvements and help support management of sickness.

Aug-24

14 day length of stay - acute

Variance Type

Count of patients in a bed at either Stoke Mandeville or Wycombe hospitals at the end of the month who have a total length of stay of more than 14 days. Excludes Spinal patients.

Achievement

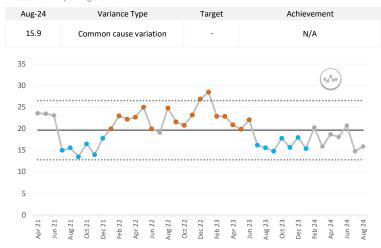
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Target

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Average LOS - community hospitals

Mean length of stay in days in a community bed for patients discharged from a community hospital (Buckingham hospital, Chartridge ward and Waterside ward) during the month.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Theatre utilisation

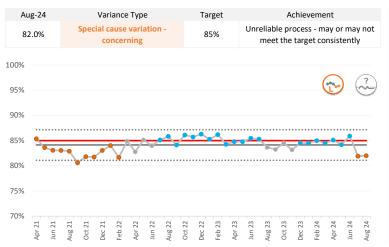
Total run time of theatre lists as a percentage of total planned time.

Aug-24		Variance Type		Targe	t		Achie	evement		
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Apr 21	Aug 21 Oct 21	Dec 21 Feb 22 Apr 22	Jun 22 Aug 22	Dec 22 Feb 23	Apr 23	Jun 23 Aug 23	Oct 23 Dec 23	Feb 24 Apr 24	Jun 24	Aug 24

From the data, there appears to have been a step change in July 2023 so the limits have been recalculated at this point.
This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.
However the target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Daycase rate

The percentage of elective patients booked to have a procedure as a day case in month over all elective procedures booked in month.

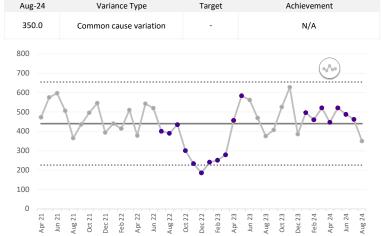


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of a concerning nature with the last two out of three data points falling close to the lower control limit.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Face to face contacts delivered by Community Therapy

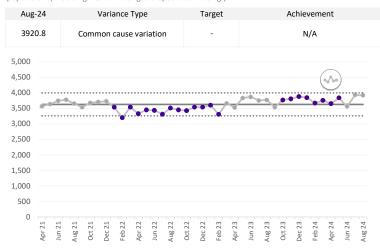
The total number of face to face contacts during the reporting month delivered by Community Therapy (Physiotherapy and Occupational Therapy) per 100,000 of the population.



This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Face to face contacts delivered by District Nursing

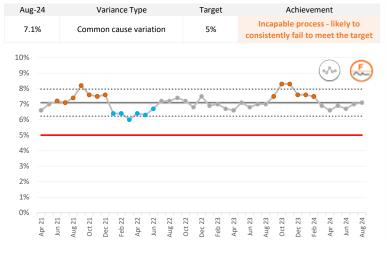
The total number of face to face contacts during the reporting month delivered by Community/District Nursing services per 100,000 of the population. (Excluding Health Visiting and Specialist Nursing.)



This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Outpatient DNA rate

Percentage of patients who did not attend (DNA) outpatients over all outpatient attendances and DNAs during the month.

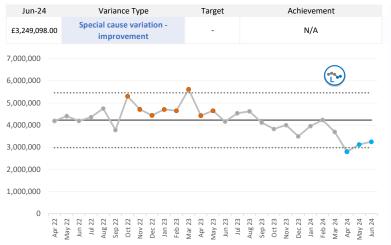


This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.
The target lies below the current control limits and so cannot be

The target lies below the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

Temporary staffing levels (spend £)

Temporary staffing spend against plan.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last two out of three data points falling close to the lower limit.



Substantive staffing

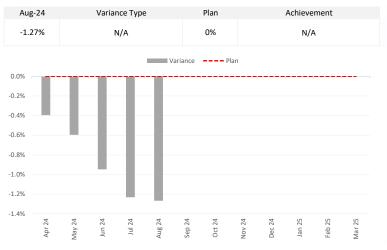
Snapshot at month end of substantive Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post.

	variance Type	Pian	A	
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This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last two out of three data points falling close to the upper control limit.

Substantive staffing against plan

Snapshot at month end of substantive Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post over year to date plan for the same period. For the financial year 2024/25.



Temporary staffing

Snapshot at month end of bank and agency Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post.

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This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last three data points falling below the lower control limit.

Temporary staffing against plan

Snapshot at month end of bank and agency Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post over year to date plan for the same period. For the financial year 2024/25.

