



Meeting: Trust Board Meeting in Public

Date: 29 May 2024

Agenda item	Integrated Performance Report (IPR)
Choose an item.	Raghuv Bhasin, Chief Operating Officer
Author	Wendy Joyce
Appendices	IPR April 2024
Purpose	Select from List
Previously considered	EMC 21 May

Executive summary

This is the first version of the new IPR to reflect the Trust's breakthrough objectives and operating plan commitments for 2024/25.

It provides a more streamlined set of indicators that are specifically tied to the top-level objectives for the organisation and provides greater focus on key actions to deliver or maintain improvement.

This IPR was discussed at EMC on 21 May where the focus of the conversation was on the clarity on the delivery plans for the breakthrough objectives with further detail on trajectories and action plans due in June. In addition, EMC raised questions around the significant growth in the acute elective waiting list which is being reviewed in detail and with a focused report provided in June.

Decision	The Committe	ee is red	requested to take assurance from the report						
Relevant strategic	priority								
Outstanding Care ⊠	Healthy Com	munities	\boxtimes	Great Place to Wo	ork 🗵	Net Zero □			
Relevant objective									
☑ Improve elective wait	Relevant strategic priority Dutstanding Care Healthy Commoderate Patient Safety Relevant objective Improve waiting times in ED Improve elective waiting times Improve safety through clinical accreditation Implications / Impact Patient Safety Risk: link to Board Assurance Frames BAF) and local or Corporate Risk Reg	deprive start in	 ☑ Give children living in most deprived communities the best start in life ☑ Outpatient blood pressure checks 						
Implications / Impa	ct								
Patient Safety			The Integrated Performance Report reflects the full suite of performance measures for the Trust. The quality and safety measures are discussed in detail at the Quality Committee.						
Risk: link to Board Assurance Framewo (BAF) and local or Corporate Risk Regist			Principal Risk 1: Failure to provide care that consistently meets or exceeds performance an quality standards Type related risk in box						
Financial			The productivity metrics in the IPR are key to the financial sustainability of the Trust						

Compliance Select an item. Select CQC standard from list.	Public and Board accountability
Partnership: consultation / communication	The IPR reflects programmes run in partnership with ICB and Place partners.
Equality	The IPR contains a focus, through our Healthy Communities metrics, on reducing health inequalities
Quality Impact Assessment [QIA] completion required?	Not required



Integrated Performance & Quality Report

April 2024

CQC rating (July 2022) - GOOD



Introduction & Contents



The Buckinghamshire Healthcare Trust Integrated Performance and Quality Report is aimed at providing a monthly update on the performance of the Trust based on the latest performance information available and reporting on actions being taken to address any performance issues with progress to date.

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Provide outstanding cost effective care

Operational Standards

Access and performance

Waiting Lists

ED Performance

Ambulance Handovers

Urgent 2 hour response

Cancer

Diagnostics

Activity

Productivity

Length of stay

Theatres

Outpatients

Quality and Safety

Incidents

Infection Control

Patient Safety

Patient Experience

Maternity

Healthy Communities

Taking a lead role in our community

Cardiology referrals Smoking in pregnancy

A Great Place to Work

Ensuring our people are listened to, safe and supported

Vacancy rates

Turnover

Sickness

Training

Report changes this month

Metrics that have been added to or removed from the report since last month

Added

Removed

Changed

Executive Summary



This IPR is the first in a new format that reflects the priorities for the Trust over 2024/25 and gives particular prominence to our Breakthrough Objectives - the six key objectives for the organisation to deliver against as a whole. The narratives for these breakthrough objectives set out clear actions to maintain or improve delivery and risks to be managed. The breakthrough objectives are supported by key driver metrics - those metrics that if improved upon will most strongly drive performance on the overall metric. These changes have been made to enable greater scrutiny of Trust performance and future plans by the Board and the public.

The IPR shows that the Trust has largely maintained the gains made in March in terms of Urgent and Emergency Care performance but needs further improvement through the Urgent and Emergency Care Plan to deliver consistently the national 78% target and beyond. There are clear actions in place over the coming three months that should ensure delivery of this standard consistently.

On Planned Care the IPR shows the delivery of the Trust's plan across long waits, cancer and diagnostics. The Trust was the most improved for Planned Care metrics of any Trust in the South East over 2023/24 with very significant reductions in waiting times for patients. The Trust is largely on its activity plan for April and seeking to continue this momentum through 24/25 although the challenges of late budget setting will have some impact on performance in the April figures that will be seen next month.

Our productivity metrics show continued improved through the second half of last year. There is a significant data lag in the overall metric - the Trust is working on internal more contemporeanous measures - however driver metrics show that these improvedments have been sustained through the end of 23/24 and into 24/25.

Our quality metrics maintain their positive trend with the Trust achieving it's breakthrough objective for clinical accreditation in 2023/24. The slight increases in term admissions to the neonatal unit and preterm birth rate have been reviewed in detail and are within expected levels.

We continue to progress initiatives to make BHT a great place to work and ensure that our people are listened to, safe and supported. Our key focus is developing our approach to this year's people breakthrough objective "to improve the experience of working at BHT by reducing bullying and harassment, becoming best in class within two years". The metrics set out in the workforce section are the key drivers for this overall objective.

We have developed workforce plans for f/y 2024-25, which set out month by month the workforce - substantive, bank and agency – to deliver services set out in our operational plans, within the Trust's financial envelope.

Our healthy communities plans focus on our two breakthrough objectives in this area where we are seeking to expand the influence of the Trust on the overall health of the Buckinghamshire population through focusing on ensuring our children have the best start in life and on the biggest cause of mortality in the county - cardiovascular disease. Plans and actions for these and other breakthrough objectives are being finalised with a more complete set of trajectories to be added in the IPR for next month.

SPC Charts



Metrics are represented by Statistical Process Control (SPC) charts, with target and latest month's performance highlighted.

These SPC charts are based on three years' worth of data to show the post Covid period (where back data is available).

SPC charts are used to monitor whether there is any real change in the reported results.

The two limit lines (grey dotted lines) around the central average (grey solid line) show the range of expected variation in reported results based on what has been observed before. New results that fall within that range should not be taken as representing anything different from the norm. i.e. nothing has changed.

However, there are certain patterns of new results which it is unlikely will have occurred randomly if nothing has changed on the ground. For example a run of several points on one side of the average or a significant change in the level of variability between one point and the next.

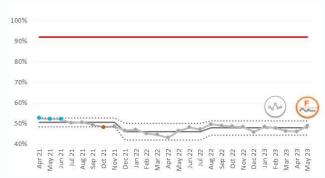
In these charts, where it looks like there has been some kind of change in the variability or average result in the reported data, the limits and the central line have been adjusted to indicate when it appears - statistically - that the change happened. This should be a prompt for users of the chart to look for factors which may have effected the change in the reported data. These may have been changes in the way things were done or external factors e.g. bad weather causing more accidents and therefore an increase in demand/change in case mix.

Likewise, if there is no change in overall average result or variability this suggests that actions taken to improve performance have not had the desired effect.

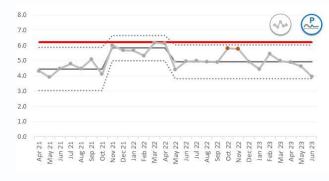
Either way, users of the charts should take care not to directly attribute causal factors to changes in the charts without further investigation.

Target lines are also plotted on the charts. This allows users of the charts to see whether targets can be expected to be achieved consistently, whether achievement in the current month is due to common cause or special cause variation or whether the target cannot be achieved unless there is a change in the process.

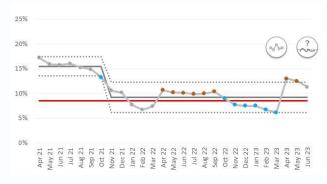
Target line is above the upper limit for this indicator (higher is better) showing that it will not be achieved consistently without a change to the process.



Target line is above the upper limit for this indicator (lower is better) showing that it will be achieved consistently without a change to the process.



Target line is between the control limits for this indicator (lower is better) showing that the process will hit or miss the target without a change.



Key to variation and assurance icons



		Variation/Performance Icons				
Icon	Technical Description	What does this mean?	What should we do?			
0 ₂ /ho)	Common cause variation, NO SIGNIFICANT CHANGE. Special cause variation of an CONCERNING nature whether measure is significantly HIGHER. Special cause variation of an CONCERNING nature whether measure is significantly LOWER. Special cause variation of an IMPROVING nature when the measure is significantly HIGHER. Special cause variation of an IMPROVING nature when the measure is significantly LOWER. Special cause variation of an increasing nature where is not necessarily improving nor concerning.	This system or process is currently not changing significantly . It shows the level of natural variation you can expect from the process or system itself.	Consider if the level/range of variation is acceptable. If the process limits are far apa you may want to change something to reduce the variation in performance.			
(H)	Special cause variation of an CONCERNING nature where the measure is significantly HIGHER.	Something's going on! Your aim is to have low numbers but you have some high numbers – something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of high numbers.	Consider if the level/range of variation is acceptable. If the process limits are you may want to change something to reduce the variation in performance. Investigate to find out what is happening/ happened. Is it a one off event that you can explain? Or do you need to change something? Find out what is happening/ happened. Celebrate the improvement or success. Is there learning that can be shared to other areas? Investigate to find out what is happening/ happened. Is it a one off event that you can explain? Do you need to change something?			
⊕	Special cause variation of an CONCERNING nature where the measure is significantly LOWER.	Something's going on! Your aim is to have high numbers but you have some low numbers - something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of low numbers.				
H	Special cause variation of an IMPROVING nature where the measure is significantly HIGHER.	Something good is happening! Your aim is high numbers and you have some - either something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of low numbers. Well done!				
(T)	Special cause variation of an IMPROVING nature where the measure is significantly LOWER.	Something good is happening! Your aim is low numbers and you have some - either something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of low numbers. Well done!				
(2)	Special cause variation of an increasing nature where UP is not necessarily improving nor concerning.	Something's going on! This system or process is currently showing an unexpected level of variation — something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of high numbers.	Find out what is happening/happened. Celebrate the improvement or success. Is there learning that can be shared to other areas? Investigate to find out what is happening/happened.			
(Common cause variation, NO SIGNIFICANT CHANGE. Special cause variation of an CONCERNING nature where the measure is significantly HIGHER. Special cause variation of an CONCERNING nature where the measure is significantly LOWER. Special cause variation of an IMPROVING nature where the measure is significantly HIGHER. Special cause variation of an IMPROVING nature where the measure is significantly LOWER. Special cause variation of an increasing nature where UP is not necessarily improving nor concerning. Special cause variation of an increasing nature where	Something's going on! This system or process is currently showing an unexpected level of variation — something one-off, or a continued trend or shift of low numbers.				

	Assurance Icons									
Icon	This process will not consistently HIT OR MISS the target as the target lies between the process limits. This process is not capable and will consistently FAIL to meet the target. This process is capable and will consistently PASS the target if nothing shapers. The process limits on SPC expect of your system or direction then you know. The process limits on SPC expect of your system or direction then you know.	What does this mean?	What should we do?							
?		The process limits on SPC charts indicate the normal range of numbers you can expect of your system or process. If a target lies within those limits then we know that the target may or may not be achieved. The closer the target line lies to the mean line the more likely it is that the target will be achieved or missed at random.	Consider whether this is acceptable and if not, you will need to change something in the system or process.							
(F)		The process limits on SPC charts indicate the normal range of numbers you can expect of your system or process. If a target lies outside of those limits in the wrong direction then you know that the target cannot be achieved.	You need to change something in the system or process if you want to meet the target. The natural variation in the data is telling you that you will not meet the target unless something changes.							
P		The process limits on SPC charts indicate the normal range of numbers you can expect of your system or process. If a target lies outside of those limits in the right direction then you know that the target can consistently be achieved.	Celebrate the achievement. Understand whether this is by design (!) and consider whether the target is still appropriate; should be stretched, or whether resource can be directed elsewhere without risking the ongoing achievement of this target.							



		Assurance	e	
	P	?	(F)	0
H	Excellent Celebrate and Learn This metric is improving. Your aim is high numbers and you have some. You are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance is above the target.	Good Celebrate and Understand This metric is improving. Your aim is high numbers and you have some. Your target lies within the process limits so we know that the target may or may not be achieved.	Concerning This metric is improving. Your aim is high numbers and you have some. HOWEVER your target lies above the current process limits so we know that the target will not be achieved without change.	Excellent
	Celebrate and Learn This metric is improving. Your aim is low numbers and you have some. You are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance is below the target.	This metric is improving. Your aim is low numbers and you have some.	Concerning Celebrate but Take Action This metric is improving. Your aim is low numbers and you have some. HOWEVER your target lies below the current process limits so we know that the target will not be achieved without change.	Excellent Celebrate This metric is improving. Your aim is low numbers and you have some. There is currently no target set for this metric.
o _v /h _o o	Good Celebrate and Understand This metric is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect to see. HOWEVER you are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance exceeds the target.	Average Investigate and Understand This metric is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect to see. Your target lies within the process limits so we know that the target may or may not be achieved.	Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect to see. HOWEVER your target lies outside the current process limits and the target will not be achieved without change.	Average Understand This metric is currently not changing significantly. It shows the level of natural variation you can expect to see. There is currently no target set for this metric.
on/Performan	Concerning Investigate and Understand This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is low numbers and you have some high numbers. HOWEVER you are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance is below the target.	Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is low numbers and you have some high numbers. Your target lies within the process limits so we know that the target may or may not be missed.	Very Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is low numbers and you have some high numbers. Your target lies below the current process limits so we know that the target will not be achieved without change	Concerning Investigate This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is low numbers and you have some high numbers. There is currently no target set for this metric.
Variatio	Concerning Investigate and Understand This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is high numbers and you have some low numbers. HOWEVER you are consistently achieving the target because the current range of performance is above the target.	Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is high numbers and you have some low numbers. Your target lies within the process limits so we know that the target may or may not be missed.	Very Concerning Investigate and Take Action This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is high numbers and you have some low numbers. Your target lies above the current process limits so we know that the target will not be achieved without change.	Concerning Investigate This metric is deteriorating. Your aim is high numbers and you have some low numbers. There is currently no target set for this metric.
②				Unsure Investigate and Understand This metric is showing a statistically significant variation. There has been a one off event above the upper process limits; a continued upward trend or shift above the mean. There is no target set for this metric.
(S)				Unsure Investigate and Understand This metric is showing a statistically significant variation. There has been a one off event below the lower process limits; a continued downward trend or shift below the mean. There is no target set for this metric.
\bigcirc				Unknown Watch and Learn There is insufficient data to create a SPC chart. At the moment we cannot determine either special or common cause. There is currently no target set for this metric

Overall Performance Summary



		Assuran	ce	
		3	E	0
(H.	Urgent 2 hour response		Acute open pathway RTT performance	NHSE productivity
	HSMR	Maternity smoking at delivery Trust overall vacancy rate Nursing and midwifery vacancy rate	Acute open pathway 65 week breaches Diagnostic compliance	Conversion rate to admission Acute open pathway 52 week breaches Median acute waiting time adults & paeds Median community waiting time paeds Community waiting list 52 week breaches Temp staffing levels
Variation/Performance	Turnover rate Statutory & Mandatory training	Theatre utilisation CWT - FDS general standard CWT - 62 day general standard Incidents that are low/no harm Falls per 1,000 bed days Clostridioides difficile Complaints response rate Daycase rate Stillbirths - to tal cases Term admissions to neonatal unit Pre term birth rate Maternity smoking at time of booking Attendance rates for Health and Development Review	12 hour waits in ED ED 4 hour performance Ambulance handovers within 30 mins Theatre cases per 4 hours planned time Outpatient DNA rate CWT - 31 day general standard	Discharges by 2pm Patients without Criteria to Reside Bed days lost for patients without Criteria to Reside Median community waiting time adults Cancer referrals Urgent community response referrals New OP activity Average LOS community hospitals 14 day LOS - acute & community 14 day LOS - acute Community contacts - Community Theraples Incidents reported Pressure ulcers per 1,000 bed days Complaints received
H~		Sickness		Acute waiting list size
~				Cardiology referrals from deprived wards

		Assurance	e	
	P	?	(F)	0
⊘				Elective activity WTEs in the trust Substantive staffing Community contacts - District Nursing
(Community waiting list size Temporary staffing
0				Acute open pathway 65 week risks Hospital at home utilisation Elective activity against plan New OP activity against plan Substantive staffing against plan Temporary staffing against plan

Breakthrough objectives



12 hour waits in ED

Percentage of patients spending more than 12 hours in Stoke ED from arrival to departure (over all types departures in the month).



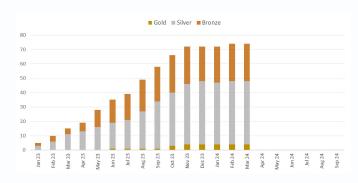
NHS Productivity measure

Comparison between the cost base and weighted activity provided in our acute settings in 23/24, against equivalent periods in 19/20.



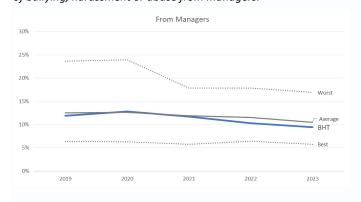
Clinical accreditation

The cumulative total number of accreditations awarded in month.



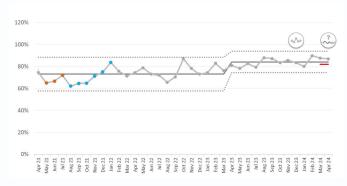
Behaviours

Percentage of staff saying they experienced at least one incident of bullying, harassment or abuse from managers.



School readiness

Percentage of children in opportunity Bucks wards that attend 12-month health and development review by the time they're 15 months.



BP checks

The percentage of face to face, adult outpatients having their blood pressure taken.

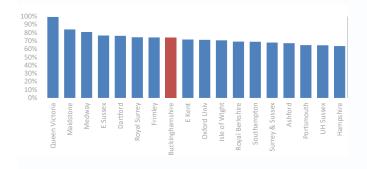
Chart for BP checks

Benchmarking Summary for South-East Region



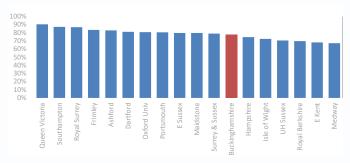
ED 4 hour performance

South East A&E 4 hour performance benchmarking - Apr-24



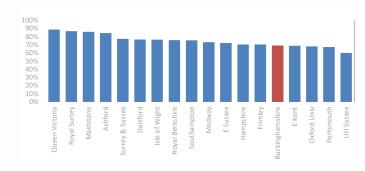
Faster diagnosis standard cancer

South East region faster diagnosis standard cancer benchmarking -Mar-24



62 day wait cancer

South East region 62 day wait cancer benchmarking - Mar-24



ED 4 hour performance ranking

South East A&E 4 hour performance benchmarking - historic rankings out of 16



Faster diagnosis standard cancer

South East region faster diagnosis standard cancer benchmarking - historic rankings out of 18



62 day wait cancer ranking

South East region 62 day wait cancer benchmarking - historic rankings out of 18



Frimley Health & Portsmouth Hospitals do not report 4 Hour performance as they are part of the Clinical Services Review.

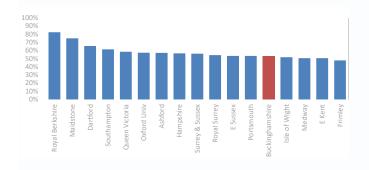
Source: NHS England - https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/

Benchmarking Summary for South-East Region



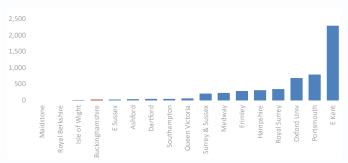
RTT performance

South East RTT performance benchmarking - Mar-24



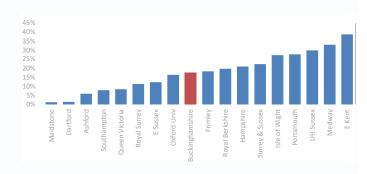
65 week waits

South East over 65 week waits benchmarking - Mar-24



Diagnostic performance

South East diagnostic performance benchmarking - Mar-24



RTT performance ranking

South East RTT performance benchmarking - historic rankings currently out of 18



65 week waits ranking

South East over 65 week waits benchmarking - historic rankings currently out of 18



Diagnostic performance ranking

South East diagnostic performance benchmarking - historic rankings out of 18



Source: NHS England - https://www.england.nhs.uk/statistics/statistical-work-areas/

Access & Performance



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objective 12 hour waits in ED Apr 24 4.9% 2.0% 6.1% 3.4% 8.8 Driver metrics Conversion rate to admission Apr 24 9.6% - 11.0% 8.9% 13. ED 4 hour performance Apr 24 73.9% 78.0% 72.0% 66.4% 77. Discharges by 2pm Apr 24 24.9% - 25.4% 21.2% 29. Urgent & emergency care Ambulance handovers within 30 mins Apr 24 89.1% 95.0% 85.0% 75.5% 94. Urgent 2 hour response - community Apr 24 90.0% 70.0% 88.2% 80.2% 96.								
12 hour waits in ED	Apr 24	4.9%	2.0%	(0,760)	E	6.1%	3.4%	8.8%
Driver metrics								
Conversion rate to admission	Apr 24	9.6%	-	(T)		11.0%	8.9%	13.1%
ED 4 hour performance	Apr 24	73.9%	78.0%	⋄ Λ₀)	Œ.	72.0%	66.4%	77.7%
Discharges by 2pm	Apr 24	24.9%	-	· · ·		25.4%	21.2%	29.5%
Urgent & emergency care								
Ambulance handovers within 30 mins	Apr 24	89.1%	95.0%	⊕ Λ•)	Œ.	85.0%	75.5%	94.5%
Urgent 2 hour response - community	Apr 24	90.0%	70.0%	H		88.2%	80.2%	96.1%
Urgent community response referrals	Apr 24	384	-	⋄ ∧₀)	-must	374	276	472
Patients without Criteria to Reside	Apr 24	84	-	€/s		77	49	104
Bed days lost for patients without Criteria to Reside	Apr 24	2452	-	⋄ ∧₀		2513	2178	2848
Hospital at home utilisation	Apr 24	97	118			-	-	-



12 hour waits in ED

Definition: Percentage of patients spending more than 12 hours in Stoke Emergency Department (ED) from arrival to departure (over all types departures in the month).

How we are performing

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

However the target lies below the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

Drivers of performance

- · Lack of bed capacity on the Stoke site
- Long ED waiting times through the night mean late referrals to specialties
- · Inappropriate admissions overnight due to fewer senior decision makers and alternatives to admission
- · Minimal number of discharges in the mornings leads to congestion in the Department

Actions to maintain or improve performance

- New ward on the Stoke site opens at the end of June
- · ED culture programme starts in June with external provider to focus on internal ED improvements to flow
- · Change to middle grade rota in ED from the start of August to move more clinicians to later in the day to maintain consistent wait times in ED
- Increased assessment capacity from the end of June facilitated by the new ward. Expansion of frailty provision and same day emergency care and acute medical capacity.
- New electronic whiteboards rolled out from the start of June to improve the quality of discharge information and facilitate earlier discharges through an expanded discharge lounge (to be facilitated by the new ward).

Risks and mitigations

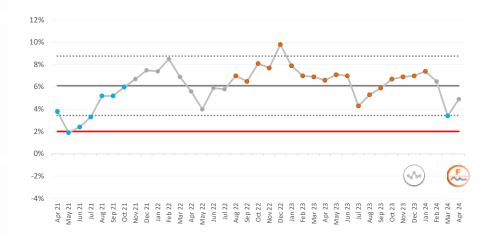
- Limited control over patient attendances. **Mitigation** we continue to work with Buckinghamshire Place pathways on alternative pathways and redirection pathways through the Buckinghamshire Place Board. This has result in the continued investment in the Primary Care Clinical Assessment Service for 2024/25.
- Constraints on out of hospital care funding in the NHS and social care may inhibit reduction of non-criteria to reside patients. **Mitigation** we are working closely with system partners to improve discharge processes and manage capacity collectively.
- Winter pressures will bring increased demand. **Mitigation** we are planning now for increased capacity with Olympic Lodge and increased integration of our community services to support admission avoidance.

Target: In March 2025 no more than 2% of patients spend more than 12 hours in Stoke Mandeville ED

Owner: Chief Operating Officer

Committee: Finance and Business Performance

Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
4.9%	Common cause variation	2.0%	Incapable process - likely to consistently fail to meet the target



Apr-24

Achievement

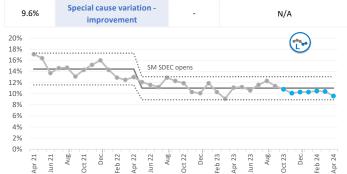
N/A

Conversion rate to admission

Variance Type

Number of patients admitted to a General & Acute (G&A) bed (directly or indirectly) from Stoke Mandeville ED over total number of type 1 ED attendances during the month.

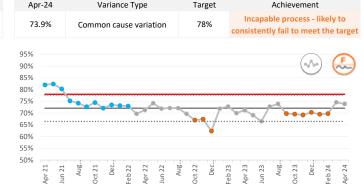
Target



ED 4 hour performance

Apr-24

Number of theatre cases per four hours of planned theatre time during the month.



Discharges by 2pm

Mar-24

25.0%

Proportion of inpatients discharged between 5am - 12 noon of all discharges. Excludes maternities, deceased, purely elective wards and patients not staying over midnight.

Target

5%															(م _ا کهه)	
5%	•	•••	Δ	-			الموط	-		~	V	<u></u>		-	<u> </u>	-	-	-
)%																	• • • • • •	
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)% -	21	Aug	ct 21	Dec	eb 22	22	22	Aug	ct 22	Dec	23	23	ın 23	Aug	ct 23	Dec	24	

How we are performing

Conversion rate to admission: This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last seven data points falling below the central line.

ED 4 hour performance: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. However the target lies above the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

Discharges by noon: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. Drivers of performance

Achievement

Expansion of SDEC hours has faciltated this reduction in admissions.

Challenges in consistently delivering high performance at the Stoke Mandeville Urgent Treatment Centre.

Increased waiting times in ED in the evenings and then overnight which are challenging to recover during the day.

Inconsistent processes across wards can lead to late discharges including lack of clarity on the key steps needed for a discharge. Delays due to length process to write TTOs (drug prescriptions) for patients

Actions to maintain or improve performance

Further expansion of Fraility SDEC in June with the new ward and increased space for medical admissions.

Achievement

Review of UTC leadership to be concluded in June. New middle grade rota in ED from 1 August to move more colleagues later in the day New ED clinical leads driving focus on clinician productivity.

New electronic whiteboards to facilitate Board Rounds and clarify next discharge steps go live on 3 June. Expanded discharge lounge with ability for patients to move there without a TTOs to go live in July.

Risks and mitigations

Variance Type

Common cause variation

Limited control over patient attendances, however we continue to work with ICB on alternative pathways and redirection pathways through the UEC programme.

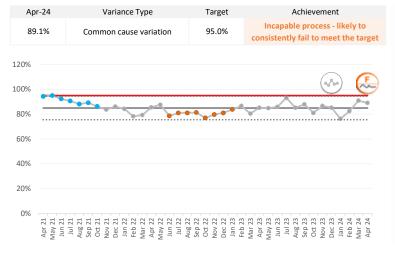
Cultural changes to working practices can take time to be accepted and embed and this is being supported through an external provider.

Changes to practice on the wards can take time to be accepted and embed. New whiteboards and data therein provides transparency on discharge processes.

Best practice team assembled to provide peer support to wards to improve processes.

Ambulance handovers within 30 mins

The percentage of ambulance handovers during the month taking 30 minutes or less, over all handovers in the month.



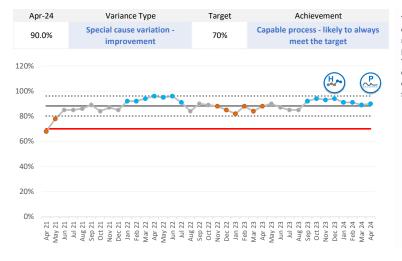
This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies just above the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

New processes being trialled in ED under new clinical leads to facilirate consistent rapid ambulance handover.

Urgent 2 hour response - community

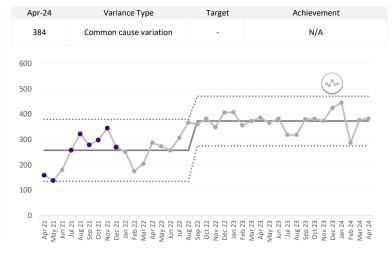
Percentage of urgent referrals (2 hour) from community services or 111 that are seen within 2 hours.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last eight data points falling above the central line. The target lies below the current control limits and so can be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process.

Urgent community response referrals

Number of urgent referrals (2 hour) from community services or 111 received.

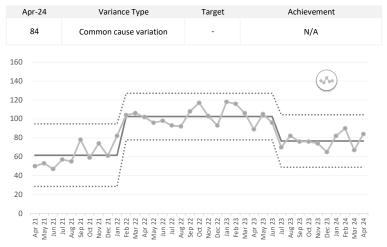


This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Integration work with Urgent Community Response and Hospital @ Home is underway to facilirate increased referrals.

Patients without Criteria to Reside

The number of patients in hospital who do not meet the criteria to reside. Snapshot taken at month end.

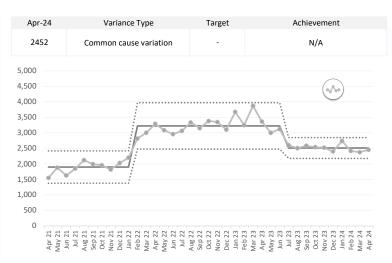


From the data, there appears to have been a step change in July 2023 so the limits have been recalculated at this point. This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

This metric replaces the Medically Optimised for Discharge metric in line with the national approach to measure delays in hospital.

Bed days lost for patients without Criteria to Reside

The number of bed days lost during the month for patients who did not meet the criteria to reside but were not discharged.



From the data, there appears to have been a step change in July 2023 so the limits have been recalculated at this point. This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Hospital at home utilisation

25-Apr-24

Bucks Hospital at Home current patients using the service against number of open beds.

Variance Type

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13	7	7	5	08	22.	90	20	3 4	17	31/	14 5	28 5	12 (26 (90	23 N	1 /(21 [94	18	01 6	15	29 F	4	8	11	25,

Capacity

Achievement

A utilisation target of 80% has been set nationally for Hospital@Home services.

The Trust achieved 82% utilisation at the end of April.

This graph will be altered to show utilisation % in the coming months.

Access & Performance



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Planned care								
Acute open pathway RTT performance	Apr 24	53.2%	92.0%	(H.)	Œ.	49.4%	46.4%	52.3%
Acute waiting list size	Apr 24	52058	-	1		47866	46019	49713
Acute open pathway 65 week breaches	Apr 24	97	-	(1)	E	920	608	1233
Acute open pathway 65 week risks	Apr 24	26370	-			-	-	-
Acute open pathway 52 week breaches	Apr 24	2302	-	(1)		3266	2496	4036
Diagnostic compliance	Mar 24	17.6%	5.0%	(1)	(39.8%	29.6%	50.0%
Median waiting time for acute waiting list for adults	Apr 24	111	-	(1)		119	110	128
Median waiting time for acute waiting list for paediatrics	Apr 24	116	-	(1)		130	119	141
Community waiting list size	Apr 24	14262	-	•		15235	14517	15953
Community waiting list 52 week breaches	Apr 24	116	-	(1)		130	119	141
Median waiting time for community waiting list for adults	Apr 24	14262	-	(₂ / ₂)		15235	14517	15953
Median waiting time for community waiting list for children	Apr 24	4509	-	(T)		4741	4538	4944

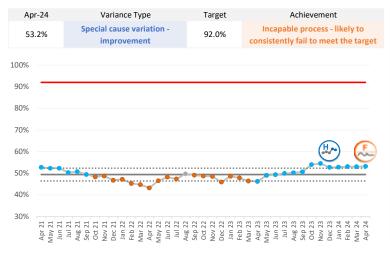
Access & Performance



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Planned care continued							
CWT 28 Day General Faster Diagnosis Standard	Mar 24	77.8%	75.0%	№ €	67.8%	55.6%	80.1%
CWT 31 Day General Treatment Standard	Mar 24	84.6%	96.0%	∞ €	81.8%	73.6%	90.0%
CWT 62 Day General Treatment Standard	Mar 24	69.4%	70.0%	№ ?	62.6%	44.7%	80.4%
Cancer referrals	Mar 24	2331	- (√ √-)	2220	1664	2777
Elective activity	Apr 24	4671	3946	1	3994	3153	4835
Elective activity against plan	Apr 24	18.4%	0.0%		-	-	-
New outpatient activity	Apr 24	18296	18802	√ ∞)	18807	14270	23343
New outpatient activity against plan	Apr 24	-2.7%	0.0%		-	-	-

Acute open pathway RTT performance

Percentage of patients waiting less than 18 weeks on an incomplete RTT pathway at the end of the month.

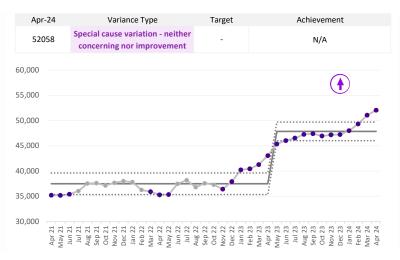


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last seven data points falling above the central line. However the target lies above the upper control limit and is unlikely to be acheived without a change in the process.

We continue to improve RTT compliance slowly however the priority remains reducing the waiting time for patients referred to the Trust. RTT will improve as waiting times reduce.

Acute waiting list size

The number of acute incomplete RTT pathways (patients waiting to start treatment) at the end of the reporting period.

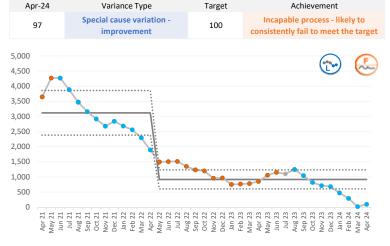


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last two data points falling above the upper control limit.

We are experiencing a large increase in patients on our waiting list. A deep dive is underway and will be reported back to the Board as to the drivers and actions to address this.

Acute open pathway 65 week breaches

Number of patients waiting over 65 weeks on an incomplete RTT pathway at the end of the month.

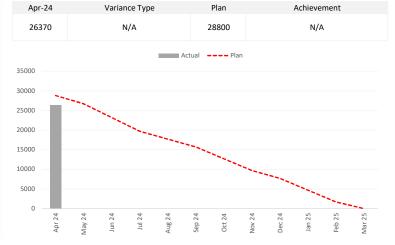


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last four data points falling below the lower control limit.

The number of patients waiting 65 weeks or more are prioritised for treatment after cancer and urgent patients. This is managed at weekly meetings and patients offered appointments as soon as possible.

Acute open pathway 65 week risks

The number of patients who will breach 65 week waiting time by March 25.



65 week breach risks are closely managed on a weekly basis.

Apr-24

Acute open pathway 52 week breaches

Variance Type

Number of patients waiting over 52 weeks on an incomplete RTT pathway at the end of the month

Target

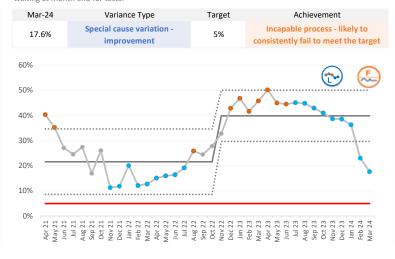


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last five data points falling below the lower control limit.

The number of patients breaching 52 weeks on the waiting list is likely to see improvement in the second half of this year, following the eradication of 65 week breaches.

Diagnostic compliance

The number of patients waiting more than 6 weeks at month end for Imaging, Physiological Measurement or Endoscopy tests over all patients waiting at month end for tests.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the latest two data points falling below the lower control limit and a downward run of the last nine data points. The target still lies below the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

There has been significant improvement in MRI and Non Obstetric Ultrasound waiting times that have driven this reduction in waiting times for patients with further improvements expected through the year as new capacity comes online.

Median waiting time for acute waiting list for adults

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for adult patients on the acute waiting list. Patients are aged 16 years and over.

Achievement

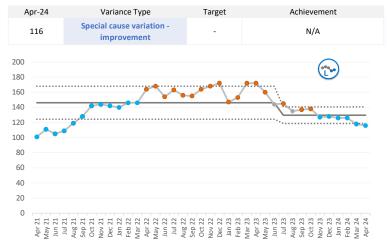
Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
111	Special cause variation - improvement	-	N/A
200			
180			
160			
.40			
.20			
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20 00 80 60			
20 00 80 60 40	Jul 21 Sep 21 Sep 21 Ook 21 Nov 21 Nov 21 Feb 22 Mar 22 Apr 22 Apr 22 Jun 22	3 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Mar 23 Apr 23 Apr 23 Lut 23 Lut 23 Sep 23 Oct 23 Oct 23 Ban 24 Apr 24 Apr 24

This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last seven data points falling below the central line.

This metric includes patients treated within 62 days on the cancer pathway and urgent patients. We anticipate it will continue to reduce with shorter waiting lists.

Median waiting time for acute waiting list for paediatrics

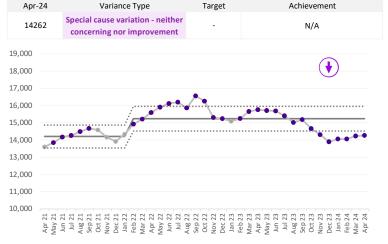
Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for paediatric patients on the acute waiting list. Patients are aged under 16 years.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last six data points falling below the central line and the last two data points falling below the lower control limit.

Community waiting list size

Number of patients waiting on the community waiting list at the end of the month.

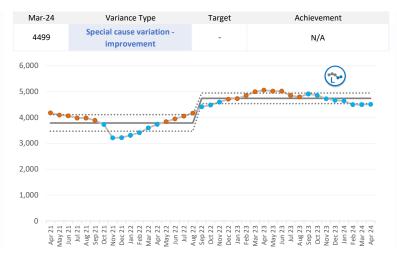


This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last six data points falling below the lower control limit.

A programme of validation of the community waiting list has commenced to ensure reporting is accurate and new and follow up patients are identified appropriately.

Community waiting list 52 week breaches

Number of patients waiting over 52 weeks on the community waiting list at the end of the month.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last three data points falling below the lower control limit.

This data includes a mixture of data covering both those waiting for treatment and those on a caseload for services such as Health Visitors.

The data will be revised from next month so that is solely represents the waiting list.

Median waiting time for community waiting list for adults

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for adult patients on the community waiting list. Patients are aged 16 years and over.

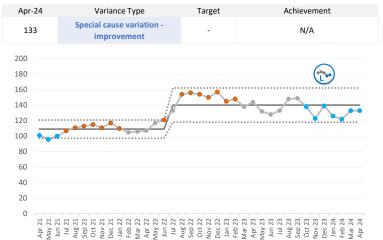
Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
160	Common cause variation	-	N/A
250			
200			•
50	·····	-0-0	
100			
100		33 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Awaiting validation results prior to planning improvement.

Median waiting time for community waiting list for children

Median waiting time in days between referral and month end snapshot for paediatric patients on the community waiting list. Patients are aged under 16 years.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last seven data points falling below the lower control limit.

Mar-24

Mar-24

CWT 28 Day General Faster Diagnosis Standard

Variance Type

Maximum four weeks (28 days) from receipt of urgent GP (or other referrer) referral for suspected cancer, breast symptomatic referral or urgent screening referral, to the point at which the patient is told they have cancer, or cancer is definitively excluded.

Achievement

77.8%	Comm	non cause variation	75%		e process - m the target co	
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)%	Apr 22 May 22 Jun 22	Jul 22 Aug 22 Sep 22 Oct 22 Nov 22	Jan 23 Feb 23 Mar 23 Apr 23	May 23 Jun 23 Jul 23 Aug 23	Sep 23 Oct 23 Nov 23	Jan 24 Feb 24 Mar 24

Target

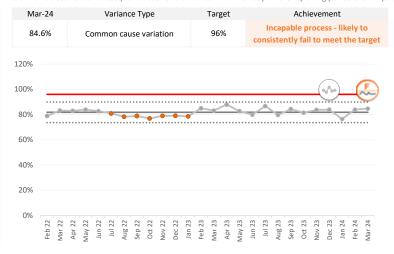
This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits, but just below the upper control limit and so the target is unlikely be achieved unless something changes in the process.

Significant improvements have been made in Skin Cancer and Urology to deliver these improvements.

CWT 31 Day General Treatment Standard

Maximum 31 days from Decision To Treat/Earliest Clinically Appropriate Date to Treatment of cancer. Percentage of patients receiving a first definitive treatment or subsequent treatment for cancer within 31 days in the reporting period over all patients receiving treatment.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies above the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

Further work is needed to close the Dermatology minor operations capacity gap to improve performance.

CWT 62 Day General Treatment Standard

Variance Type

Maximum 62-day from receipt of an urgent GP (or other referrer) referral for urgent suspected cancer, breast symptomatic referral, urgent screening referral or consultant upgrade to First Definitive Treatment of cancer

Achievement

69.4%		С	omn	non ca	use v	ariatio	n		70%	6	Unr		le prod t the ta			•		•
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Target

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

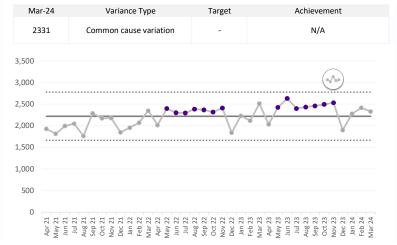
There have been recognised delays in TCIs procedures and Chemotherapy plus Oncology appointment delays. Recruitment to address these issues is ongoing across specialities.

Weekly meetings with key specialties focus on resolving delays.

Theatre capacity has improved.

Cancer referrals

Number of patients referrred each month on a cancer pathway.

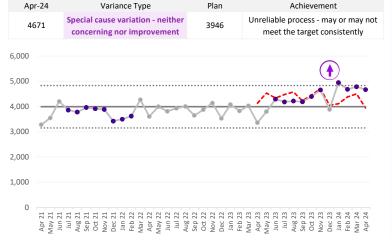


This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.



Elective activity

The number of elective inpatient and day case admissions during the month.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the two out of three data points falling close to the upper control limit.

Elective activity (day cases and elective inpatients) is above target and we aim to sustain this level to improve performance and provide patient choice.

Elective activity against plan

The year to date number of elective inpatient and day case admissions over year to date plan for the same period. For financial year 2024/25.



New outpatient activity

Total number of new outpatient attendances during the month.

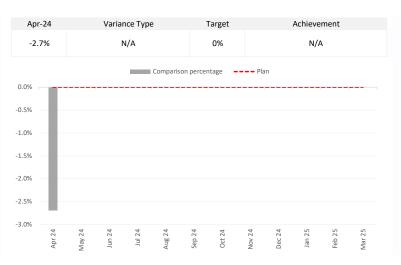
Apr-2	24		Variar	nce Type	•			Pla	n					Ac	hie	ver	nei	nt			
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This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Work continues to optimise outpatient clinics and provide appropriate first appointments for patients. Insourcing providers commenced mid month which drove some of the underdelivery against plan and we expect to see the full value in coming months.

New outpatient activity against plan

The year to date number of new outpatient attendances over year to date plan for the same period. For financial year 2024/25.



Productivity



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Variation Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objective						
Overall NHSE measure of productivity	Jan 24	-10.8%	- (#->	-13.3%	-15.4%	-11.2%
Driver metrics						
14 day length of stay - acute & community	Apr 24	201	- (%)	196	159	232
Theatre cases per 4 hours planned time	Apr 24	2.5	2.8	2.4	2.2	2.6
WTEs in the Trust	Apr 24	6342.7	6676.0	6157.4	6059.7	6255.1
Productivity						
14 day length of stay - acute	Apr 24	156	- (%)	155	123	187
Average LOS - community hospitals	Apr 24	18.7	- 00	19.9	13.1	26.8
Theatre utilisation	Apr 24	85.3%	85.0% 🚱 👶	84.9%	83.5%	86.2%
Daycase rate	Apr 24	84.9%	85.0% 🚱 👶	84.2%	81.3%	87.1%
Face to face contacts delivered by Community Therapy	Mar 24	521.3	- 00	438.3	217.4	659.1
Face to face contacts delivered by District Nursing	Mar 24	3757.7	-	3608.1	3259.8	3956.4
Outpatient DNA rate	Apr 24	6.7%	5.0% 🚱 🐍	7.1%	6.2%	8.0%

Productivity



КРІ	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
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Productivity continued

Temporary staffing levels (spend £)	Mar 24	3691126.35	-	(1)	4365985.92	3124173.31	5607798.53
Substantive staffing	Apr 24	6342.7	-	1	6157.4	6059.7	6255.1
Substantive staffing against plan	Apr 24	-0.4%	-		-	-	-
Temporary staffing	Apr 24	497.9	-	$ \bullet $	624.6	539.9	709.4
Temporary staffing against plan	Apr 24	-4.2%	-		-	-	-



Overall NHSE measure of productivity

Definition: Comparison between the cost base and weighted activity provided in our acute settings in 23/24, against equivalent periods in 19/20.

How we are performing

At M10, BHT is reported as being -10.8% less productive than 2019/20. This represents:

- an absolute improvement in performance versus 19/20 of +0.6%, comparing M10 2023/24 to M12 2022/23
- a relative improvement year-on-year of +1.6%, comparing M10 2023/24 and M10 2022/23.

This performance has been despite unexpected and unplanned negative impacts on our activity and costs, from industrial action and theatre downtime.

Drivers of performance

- Increases in performance have been driven by the re-opening of theatres following estates work in H2 of 23/24 and full opening of the Amersham Skin Cancer Centre in October 2023.
- This coupled with reductions in temporary staffing spend has driven a consistent improvement in productivity which has continued through into 24/25
- In addition length of stay has reduced in acute and community beds through a focus on reducing the number of patients without a criteria to reside
- National NHS England reporting of productivity has yet to be updated from M10 / Jan 2023/4. The Trust is developing its own version of this, mirroring the national methodology, to provide more timely reporting. This will be put in place by reporting of Q1.

Actions to maintain or improve performance

- 2024/25 activity plans show a further increase in elective activity and have been overachieved against in April 2024.
- Theatre utilisation and average case per list is being managed on a weekly basis with improvement targets at individual team level for both of these metrics.
- Theatre maintenance work last year should minimise downtimes due to estates issues this year with further maintenance planned through 2024/25.
- Temporary staffing controls have continued and have further reduced pay spend in April 2024.
- The rollout of new electronic patient whiteboards in June will further support improved flow and reductions in length of stay.
- Key productivity metrics for each Care Group monitored monthly with a breakdown of the NHSE productivity metric by Care Group in development.

Risks and mitigations

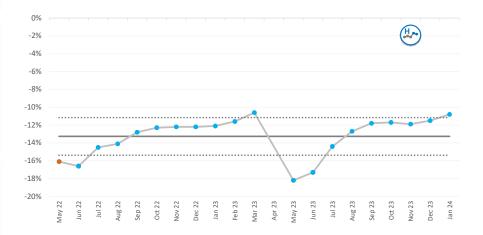
- Our limited capital allocation may prevent the volume of remedial work needed to maintain theatres. **Mitigation:** We are developing a prospective maintenance plan across operations and estates to minimise risks.
- Financial constraints may hinder recruitment to key roles to support high volume activity through theatres. **Mitigation**: We are ensuring that where there is a clear productivity benefit from a recruitment this is supported through the control process.
- Clinical variation within teams may inhibit the delivery of consistently high cases per list and/or increase in outpatient clinic activity. **Mitigation:** Team by team planning supported by GIRFT best practice and the Chief Medical Officer is underway to minimise this clinical variation.

Target: 5% improvement on 2023/24 productivity position

Owner: Chief Finance Officer

Committee: Finance and Business Performance

Jan-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
-10.8%	Special cause variation - improvement	-	N/A



Apr-24

Achievement

14 day length of stay - acute & community

Variance Type

Count of patients in beds over 14 days in either Stoke Mandeville or Wycombe hospitals (excluding Spinal) or community beds (Chartridge, Waterside and Buckingham wards). Month end snapshot.

Target

201	Common cause variation	-	N/A
300			(080)
250			
200			
150			
100			
50			
O Apr 21]	Aug Oct 21 Dec eb 22 Iun 22	Aug Det	Apr 23 Aug Aug Dec

Theatre cases per 4 hours planned time

Variance Type

Mar-24

Number of theatre cases per four hours of planned theatre time during the month.

2	2.4		Со	mmo	on ca	use v	/aria	tion		2	.8	c		-				ikely the	to target
3.5																			
3.0	_																200		F
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2.0																			
1.5																			
1.0																			
0.5																			
0.0	Apr 21	Jun 21	Aug	Oct 21	Dec	Feb 22	Apr 22	Jun 22	Aug	Oct 22	Dec	Feb 23	Apr 23	Jun 23	Aug	Oct 23	Dec	Feb 24	Apr 24

Target

WTEs in the Trust

Mar-24

Snapshot at month end of substantive Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post. Excludes bank and agency.

Establishment

633	38.3				variat			r	667	6.0				-	N/A			
7,500																		
7,000															-(1		
6,500																		_
6,000	_											••	• •	•-•				
5,500	•••	• •	•			0.0.0												
5,000	Apr 21	Jun 21	Aug	Oct 21	Feb 22	Apr 22	Jun 22	Aug	Oct 22	Dec	Feb 23	Apr 23	Jun 23	Aug	Oct 23	Dec	Feb 24	Apr 24

How we are performing

Drivers of performance

Achievement

14 day LOS - acute & community: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Theatre cases per 4 hours planned time: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. However the target lies above the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

WTEs in the Trust: This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last six data points falling above the upper control limit.

Actions to maintain or improve performance

Achievement

Risks and mitigations

Variance Type

Apr-24

14 day length of stay - acute

Variance Type

Count of patients in a bed at either Stoke Mandeville or Wycombe hospitals at the end of the month who have a total length of stay of more than 14 days. Excludes Spinal patients.

Achievement

Achievement

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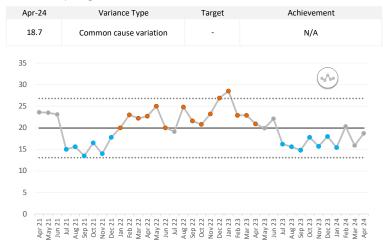
Target

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

This has remained fairly static over recent months with ongoing plans to reduce the number of patients staying 14 days or more being discussed with clinical leads.

Average LOS - community hospitals

Mean length of stay in days in a community bed for patients discharged from a community hospital (Buckingham hospital, Chartridge ward and Waterside ward) during the month.



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Theatre utilisation

Dec-23

Total run time of theatre lists as a percentage of total planned time.

Variance Type

84.6%		Con	nmon	cause	variation	8	35%	Un	reliable meet						
10%															
15%											(€%)	6	?
0%															
5%	• • • • • • •			•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u> /	<u></u>		-0-	-		lange.	
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0%								<u> </u>							

Target

From the data, there appears to have been a step change in July 2023 so the limits have been recalculated at this point.
This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.
However the target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Efforts to optimise theatre utilisation continues with regular 6:4:2 meetings reletting or distributing any late available theatre sessions.

Daycase rate

The percentage of elective patients booked to have a procedure as a day case in month over all elective procedures booked in month.

Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
84.9%	Common cause variation	85%	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently
0%			
5%			₹ (3)
0%			
5%		<u> </u>	
5% 0% 5%			

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Face to face contacts delivered by Community Therapy

The total number of face to face contacts during the reporting month delivered by Community Therapy (Physiotherapy and Occupational Therapy) per 100,000 of the population.

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This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Face to face contacts delivered by District Nursing

The total number of face to face contacts during the reporting month delivered by Community/District Nursing services per 100,000 of the population. (Excluding Health Visiting and Specialist Nursing.)

Mar-24		٧	ariano	се Тур	oe .				Tar	get						4chi	eve	me	nt			
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This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last six data points falling above the central line.

Outpatient DNA rate

Percentage of patients who did not attend (DNA) outpatients over all outpatient attendances and DNAs during the month.

Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
6.7%	Common cause variation	5%	Incapable process - likely to consistently fail to meet the targe
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6%			•••••
5% 			
3%			
2%			
1%			

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.
The target lies below the current control limits and so cannot be

The target lies below the current control limits and so cannot be achieved unless something changes in the process.

We continue to improve patient communication to reduce non attendance and ensure appointments are mutually agreed.

Temporary staffing levels (spend £)

Temporary staffing spend against plan.

Mar-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement	
£3,691,126.35	Special cause variation - improvement	-	N/A	
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This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last seven data points falling below the cental line.

Δnr-24



Substantive staffing

Snapshot at month end of substantive Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post.

Variance Type

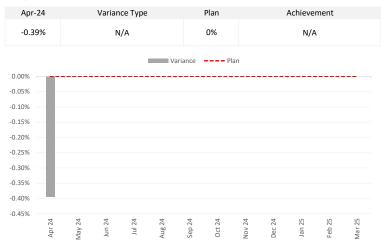
Apr-24		variance Type	Pidii	Acii	lieveriient
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This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last six data points falling above the upper control limit.

We have in place a full year plan for both our substantive and temporary workforce. This will allow us to manage our staffing levels in line with financial establishment and ensure we have the right people, with the right skills, in the right place to deliver our operational plans and high quality care. The progress against plan is reviewed weekly at Executive

Substantive staffing against plan

Snapshot at month end of substantive Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post over year to date plan for the same period. For the financial year 2024/25.



Temporary staffing

Δnr-24

Snapshot at month end of bank and agency Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post.

Variance Type

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This metric is experiencing special cause variation of neither an improving nor a concerning nature with the last data point falling below the lower control limit.

Temporary staffing against plan

Snapshot at month end of bank and agency Whole Time Equivalent (WTE) staff in post over year to date plan for the same period. For the financial year 2024/25.



Clinical accreditation



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target Nariation	Assurance Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objective						
Clinical accreditation	Mar 24	74	-	-	-	-
Driver metrics						
Incidents that are low/no harm	Apr 24	98.4%	98.0%	98.4%	97.0%	99.7%
Complaints responded to within 25 days	Mar 24	65.0%	85.0%	76.0%	45.1%	107.0%
Falls per 1,000 bed days	Apr 24	4.4	6.2	5.0	3.6	6.4
Quality & safety						
Incidents reported	Apr 24	1300	- 00	1220	945	1495
Pressure ulcers per 1,000 days	Mar 24	0.28	- 00	0.30	-0.07	0.67
HSMR	Dec 23	89.2	100.0	91.4	87.4	95.5
Clostridioides difficile	Apr 24	3	4	? 4	-3	10
Complaints received	Apr 24	38	- 🚱	40	15	66
Stillbirths - total cases	Mar 24	1	0	?1	-2	4
Term admissions to the neonatal unit	Apr 24	5.2%	5.0%	4.3%	1.2%	7.4%
Overall preterm birth rate	Apr 24	7.3%	6.0%	5.9%	1.7%	10.1%



Clinical accreditation

Definition: The cumulative total number of accreditations awarded in month.

How we are performing

BHT has 88 areas identified for clinical accreditation. In 2023-24 the Trust's target was to complete 80% (70) of areas to be accredited and an additional 40% target of accredited areas to achieve Silver awards (28 areas out of 70) by March 2024.

This target has now been achieved with 74 areas accredited at least once and 4 areas receiving Gold, 44 areas receiving Silver awards in their accreditations and 26 areas achieved Bronze awards as of March 2024.

Drivers of performance

- Adherence to core quality and safety standards: Ensuring that wards and departments consistently follow established quality and safety standards.
- Consistent governance of these standards through Care Group quality governance systems.
- Focus on upholding the highest behavioral standards and fostering an environment where colleagues feel safe and empowered to speak up about any concerns.
- · Foster a culture where every team member is encouraged to continuously seek and implement improvements in processes and workflows.
- Leverage data analytics to monitor performance metrics and make informed decisions that drive quality and safety improvements.

Actions to maintain or improve performance

- The programme is currently under review to incorporate learning from the first cycle of accreditation. Some of the changes from the review include programme process, an in-depth review of accreditation questions to ensure they are relevant to all areas, and changes to the timeline for reassessment. The new review programme will start in June 2024.
- A new weekly excellence huddle was instituted at the start of May 2024, where nursing staff have protected time to go back to the floor, identify barriers to success on a chosen topic, and share best practices and learning.
- Tracking of clinical accreditation learning and an increased focus on quality governance in Care Group Performance Reviews will begin in June 2024.

Risks and mitigations

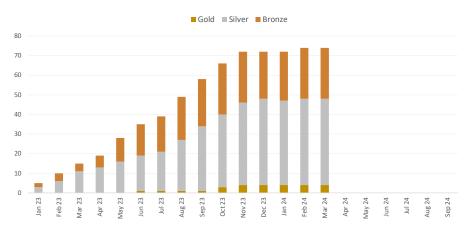
• Resourcing to support the programme is challenged, particularly in light of financial constraints. **Mitigation:** The Transformation Team is reviewing resource allocation to consider what more can be provided to support the programme.

Target: All acute areas undergo clinical accreditation and at least 40% achieve a Silver award

Owner: Chief Nursing Officer

Committee: Quality and Clinical Governance

Mar-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
74	N/A	N/A	N/A

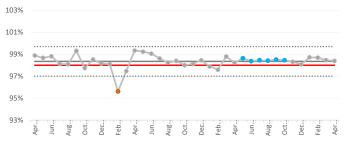




Incidents that are low/no harm

Percentage of incidents classed as low or no harm in the month (over all incidents reported in the month).

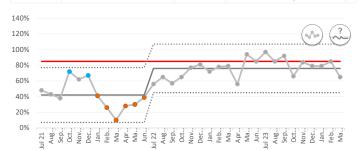
Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
98.4%	Common cause variation	98%	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently



Complaints responded to within 25 days

Percentage of complaints responded to within 25 days of receipt. Reporting suspended until July 21 due to Covid.

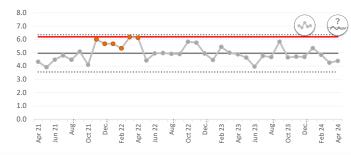
Mar-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
65.0%	Common cause variation	85%	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently



Falls per 1,000 bed days

Rate of inpatient falls incidents reported per 1,000 inpatient bed days.

Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
4.4	Common cause variation	6.2	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently



How we are performing

Incidents that are low/no harm: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Complaints responded to within 25 days: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Falls per 1,000 bed days: This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies within the current control limits however it is close to the upper control limit and so the metric is likely to acheive the target most of the time unless there is a change to the process.

Drivers of performance

There were six complaints that breaches the 25 days response time target.

Two from estates and facilities. One complaint is now closed whilst the other remained open awaiting final response.

Three from the Integrated Medicine Care Group. Two were submitted for signing but was returned by Executive team for more information.

One from Community and Rehabilitation Care Group

Actions to maintain or improve performance

Harm Free Care (HFC) group continue to meet monthly for theming of inpatient falls, pressure ulcers, VTE incidents, medications related incidents, for Care Group and subject matter expert discussion and subsequent trust wide quality improvement development.

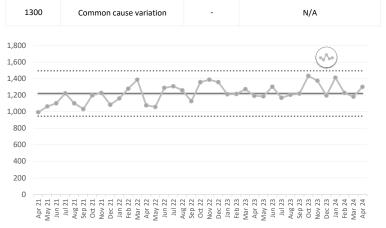
Risks and mitigations

Apr-24

Incidents reported

Total number of incidents reported on DATIX during the month.

Variance Type



This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

No serious incidents declared in March 2024.

Recruitment of patient safety investigators, family liaison officer and patient safety partners ongoing in line with trust PSIRF implementation.

Pressure ulcers per 1,000 days

Rate of pressure ulcer incidents reported per 1,000 inpatient bed days. Includes all pressure ulcer categories.

Mar-24			Vari	ance	Тур	е				Targ	get			Achievemer						ient		
0.28		Common cause varia			riatio	ation -					N/A											
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This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

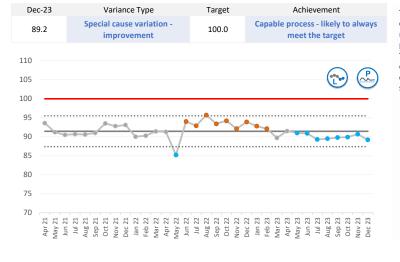
In March 2024, there have been 10 Category 3 PUs reported, with four occurring in hospital settings and seven in the community.

A thematic review of all pressure ulcer (PU) incidents occurring in 2023-24 is currently underway. The findings of this review, along with accompanying quality improvement measures, will be presented to the Emergency Management Committee (EMC) in June 2024.

HSMR

% number of FTE staff that have left the employment of the Trust compared to the total FTE staff employed by the Trust. Rolling 12 months.

Achievement



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last eight data points falling below the central line. The target lies above the current control limits and will be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process.

Clostridioides difficile

Number of C-diff cases Healthcare-associated cases (Community onset Healthcare Associated + Hospital onset Healthcare-associated) in the month.

Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
3	Common cause variation	4	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently
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This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Three cases of Clostridioides difficile infections were identified in April, for which the trajectory for this financial year is pending confirmation from the National Health Service England (NHSE).

Complaints received

Number of complaints received during the month.

Mar-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement				
21	Common cause variation	-	N/A				
90							
80			(%)				
70 —	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	•••••					
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This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

Stillbirths - total cases

Number of cases of stillbirths at 24 weeks or later in month.

Mar-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
1	Common cause variation	0	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently
6			
5			(v) (3)
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2	\wedge		<i>f</i> \ \ \ \ <i>f</i> \ \ \ \ <i>f</i> \ \ \ \ <i>f</i> \ \ \ <i>f</i> \ \ \ <i>f</i> \ <i>f</i> \ \
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Apr 2 May 2 Jun 2	Aug 2 Sep 2 Sep 2 Sep 2 Oct 2 Nov 2 Jan 2 Feb 2 Apr 2 Apr 2 Jun 2 Jun 2	Aug 2 Sep 2 Oct 2 Nov 2 Dec 2 Jan 2	Feb 23 Mar 23 Apr 23 Jun 23 Jun 23 Jul 23 Aug 23 Sep 23 Oct 23 Jan 24 Feb 24

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

There was one stillbirth in April, this was a late fetal loss at 23 weeks. The pregnancy was affected by placental dysfunction and antepartum haemorrhage.

Term admissions to the neonatal unit

Variance Type

Δnr-24

Percentage of admissions to neonatal unit >37 weeks gestation (over all admissions to the neonatal unit in month).

Achievement

			Unreliable process - may or may n
5.2%	Common cause variation	5%	meet the target consistently
9%			
8%			(%) (%)
7%	•••••		
6%			\
5%	\		
4%	V\ /\ /		MUV
3%			V
2%	-		
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This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

This remains within common cause variation and fluctuates above and below target indicating that there is room for improvement. The increase Caesarean section rate is contributing to increased admissions for respiratory concerns.

Overall preterm birth rate

Percentage of birth that occur <37 weeks gestation (over all births in month).

Apr-24		Varianc	е Туре		Т	arget				Ach	niev	eme	nt			
7.3%	Cor	mmon cau	ise variati	on		6%		Unrel m	iable ieet t							
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This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

The education teams from across maternity and neonates have now completed the network wide optimisation simulation study day and will be running the first in situ simulation as a multidisciplinary team in early May.

Great place to work



KPI	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objective								
Staff experiencing bullying from managers	2023	9.4%				10.5% (avg)	5.8% (best)	16.9% (worst)
Staff experiencing bullying from other colleagues	2023	17.7%				19.3% (avg)	12.3% (best)	26.1% (worst)
Great place to work								
Trust overall vacancy rate	Mar 24	5.1%	10.0%	(T)	~	7.6%	5.0%	10.1%
Nursing and midwifery vacancy rate	Mar 24	4.8%	8.5%	(T)	?	8.8%	6.1%	11.5%
Turnover	Apr 24	10.6%	12.5%	∞ (10.9%	10.1%	11.6%
Sickness	Mar 24	4.0%	3.5%		?	3.8%	3.2%	4.5%
Statutory and Mandatory training	Apr 24	91.9%	90.0%	(A)		91.5%	90.2%	92.7%



Behaviours

Definition: Percentage of staff saying they experienced at least one incident of bullying, harassment or abuse out of those who answered the question: In the last 12 months how many times have you personally experienced harassment, bullying or abuse at work from managers/other colleagues?

How we are performing

 $The two \ KPIs \ are \ Q14b \ and \ Q14c \ in \ Staff \ Survey \ relating \ to \ bullying \ by \ managers \ and \ bullying \ by \ other \ colleagues.$

Q14b - 9%

Q14c - 17%

Drivers of performance

We have identified some lead and lag indicators as follows;

Lead indicators – Appraisal compliance, MaST compliance, Sickness rates & excellence reports Lag indicators – Datix, ER cases, NQPS &Staff survey results

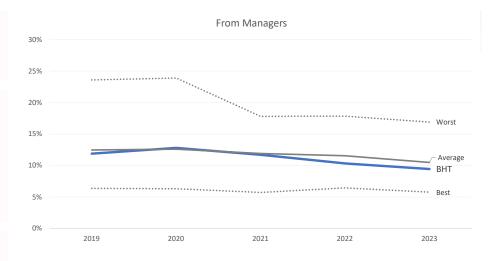
Actions to maintain or improve performance

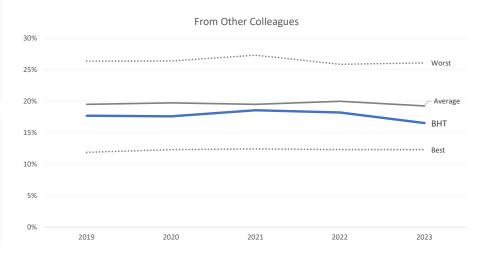
These are being formulated by the Bullying & Harassment Taskforce And are broadly in 3 categories (organisational, Team & individual) They will be ready for next month

Risks and mitigations

They will relate to the actions above and thus ready next month

Owner: Chief People Officer Committee: Strategic People





Mar-24

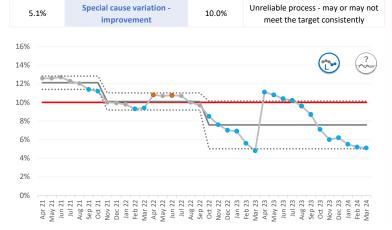
Trust overall vacancy rate

Variance Type

Percentage of all vacant FTE positions in Trust vs number of all FTE positions (occupied and vacant) in the Trust.

Target

Achievement



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last two data points falling below the lower control limit.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

We are monitoring vacancy rates by area and staffing group to deliver focused recruitment drives where needed and in line with our workforce plan.

Nursing and midwifery vacancy rate

Percentage of vacant N&M FTE positions in Trust vs number of N&M FTE positions (occupied and vacant) in the Trust.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last two data points falling below the lower control limit.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Plans are currently focussed on the deployment of student nurses and other colleagues gaining professional registration this year, in line with our workforce plan.

Turnover

% number of FTE staff that have left the employment of the Trust compared to the total FTE staff employed by the Trust. Rolling 12 months.

Apr-24	V	ariance Type	Target	Achievement
10.6%	Commo	on cause variation	12.5%	Capable process - likely to alway meet the target
8%				
.6%				(A) (L)
4%	-			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
2%	\	************************		
0%				
8%				
6%				
4%				
2%				
0%				
Apr 21 May 21	Jun 21 Jul 21 Aug 21 Sep 21 Oct 21 Nov 21	Dec 21 Jan 22 Feb 22 Mar 22 Apr 22 May 22 Jun 22	Aug 22 Sep 22 Oct 22 Nov 22 Dec 22 Jan 23	Feb 23 Mar 23 Apr 23 Jun 23 Jul 23 Jul 23 Sep 23 Sep 23 Oct 23 Dec 23 Jan 24 Feb 24

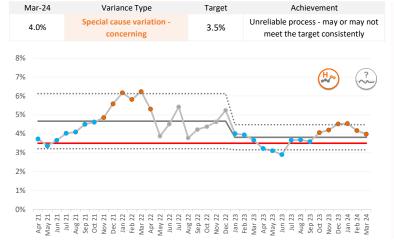
Fom the data there appeared to have been a change from July 23 with ten data points falling below the central line. A step change has been added to the chart from this point. This metric is now experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target lies above the current control limits and will be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process.

During April turnover fell and remains below (better) than the Trust target.
Continued focus on improving our working flexibly culture, specifically, progressing plans for request to work flexibly enabled via ESR. To provide organisational oversight of



Sickness

Percentage of total working hours lost because of sickness absences compared to the total working hours undertaken by the Trust.



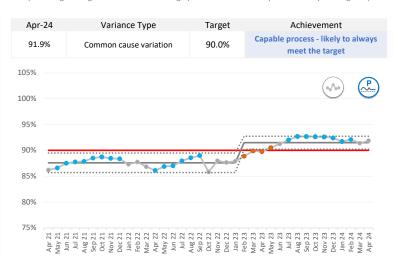
This metric is experiencing special cause variation of a concerning nature with the last six data points falling above the central line.
The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Sickness remains above the Trust target but is decreasing, in line with usual seasonal variation. OH and HR have worked

OH and HR have worked collaboratively to review improvements in the sickness absence management process.

Statutory and Mandatory training

The percentage of eligible staff members being up to date with statutory & mandatory training. Snapshot at month end.



Fom the data there appeared to have been a change from February 23 with ten data points falling above the central line. A step change has been added to the chart from this point. This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change. The target now lies below the current control limits and will be consistently achieved unless something changes in the process.

Trust compliance remains above target.
Specialist Clinical Services have made improvements to reach

Healthy Communities



КРІ	Latest month	Measure	Target	Variation	Assurance	Mean	Lower process limit	Upper process limit
Breakthrough objectives								
Attendance rates for Health and Development Review	Apr 24	87.0%	82.0%	0%0	?	84.2%	74.4%	93.9%
Number of blood pressure checks at outpatient								
appointments			-					
Driver metrics								
Expected level of achievement with Health and								
Development Review			-					
Healthy communities								
Cardiology referrals from deprived wards	Apr 24	317	-			467	306	628
Maternity smoking at time of booking	Apr 24	4.4%	5.0%	∞	?	6.1%	1.4%	10.9%
Maternity smoking at time of delivery	Apr 24	4.1%	5.0%	(1)	?	5.6%	2.2%	9.1%



Attendance rates for Health and Development Review

Definition: Percentage of children from opportunity Bucks that attend 12-month Health and development review by the time they're 15 months (over all children from opportunity Bucks who turn 15 months old during the reporting month.)

How we are performing

From the data, there appears to have been a step change in April 2023 with the last thirteen data points falling above the central line so the limits have been recalculated at this point.

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.

The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

Drivers of performance

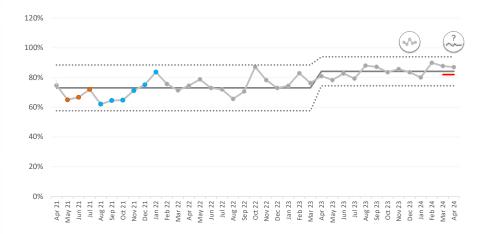
Actions to maintain or improve performance

Risks and mitigations

Target: Deliver at least 85% by the end of 2024/25

Owner: Chief Digital and Transformation Officer **Committee:** Finance and Business Performance

Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
87.0%	Common cause variation	82%	Unreliable process - may or may not meet the target consistently





Number of blood pressure checks at outpatient appointments

Definition: The percentage of adult outpatients having their blood pressure taken at an face to face outpatient appointment (over all adult face to face outpatient appointments during the reporting month.)

How we are performing	
Drivers of performance	
Actions to maintain or improve performance	
Risks and mitigations	

Target: Deliver at least 75% by the end of

2024/25

Owner: Chief Medical Officer

Committee: Finance and Business Performance

Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement

Expected level of achievement with Health and Development Review

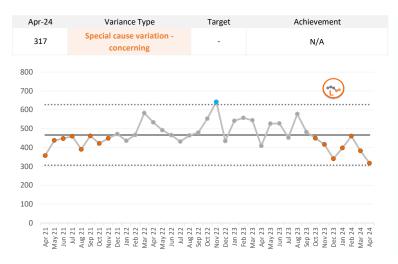
Percentage of children attending the 12-month health and development review who achieve the expected level or above for all areas (over all children with a review in month.)

Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement

How we are performing Drivers of performance Actions to maintain or improve performance Risks and mitigations	
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Cardiology referrals from deprived wards

The number of patients being referred to cardiology services in month from the most deprived areas in Bucks.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of a concerning nature with the last seven data points falling below the central line.

The drop in referrals is concerning and is being investigated.

Maternity smoking at time of booking

Percentage of overall women who book in month who are current smokers.

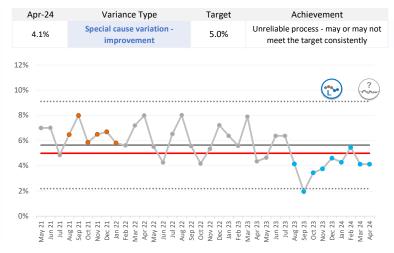
Apr-24	Variance Type	Target	Achievement
4.4%	Common cause variation	5.0%	Unreliable process - may or may no meet the target consistently
1%			
2%			√ ?
0%		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
3%	^ ^	^	•
5%			
	* *	*	
4%	*	V	\$ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
			V
2%			¥
******		•••••••	¥
May 21 %C		p 22 rt 22 v 22 rc 22 b 23	Awar 23 Awar 23 Jun 23 Jul 23 Jul 23 Jul 23 Sep 23 Sep 23 Sep 23 Sep 23 Sep 24 Awar 24 Apr 24

This metric is experiencing common cause variation i.e. no significant change.
The target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

This metric remains better than target

Maternity smoking at time of delivery

Percentage of overall women who deliver in month who are current smokers.



This metric is experiencing special cause variation of an improving nature with the last nine data points falling below the central line.

However the target lies within the current control limits and so the metric will consistently hit or miss the target.

This metric remains better than target